Version 1.0 The Executive 5 February 2024

Budget-Setting Report





February 2024

2024/25

Cambridge City Council

Version Control

Version No.	Revised version / updates for:	Content / Items for Consideration
	The Executive (5 February 2024)	Final budget proposals, incorporating updates relating to: - Business rates and council tax considerations
1		 Final Local Government Finance Settlement 2024/25 (if available)
		- Consultation outcomes
		Proposals of the Executive
	Council (15 February 2024)	Opposition budget amendments
2		Final Proposals to the Council, incorporating updates relating to:
2		- Final Local Government Finance Settlement 2023/24
		 Appendix A(b) Council Tax Setting following receipt of County Council, Police, Fire and Combined Authority precepts
	Council (Final – if required)	Approved Budget Setting Report incorporating
3		- Decisions of Council
		- Any other final amendments

Anticipated Precept Setting Dates

Cambridgeshire Police & Crime Commissioner	Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Fire Authority	Cambridgeshire County Council	Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority
31 January 2024	10 February 2024	13 or 16 February 2024	31 January 2024

Contents

Section No.	Торіс	Page No.
	Foreword by the Executive Councillor for Finance and Resources	
1	Introduction	1
2	National and local policy context	2
3	Budget consultation	12
4	General Fund revenue budgets	13
5	General Fund capital budgets	17
6	Risks and reserves	21
7	Future strategy	27
8	Section 25 report	32

Appendices

Reference	Торіс	Page No.
A(a)	Calculation of council tax base 2023/24	40
A(b)	Council tax setting 2023/24	41
В	Consultation summary	43
С	General Fund: Expenditure and funding 2019/20 to 2024/25	58
D(a)	Budget proposals by portfolio	59
D(b)	Budget proposals by type – pressures and bids	62
D(c)	Budget proposals by type – savings	66
D(d)	Budget proposals by type - external bids (if any)	ХХ

Reference	Торіс	Page No.
E(a)	Budget proposals by type - capital	69
E(b)	Capital approvals since MTFS 2022	71
E(c)	Capital plan 2020/21 – 2025/26	72
F	Equality Impact Assessment	77
G	Review of charges	87

Foreword by the Executive Councillor for Finance and Resources

Introduction

The Council's purposes are to serve you and the City's diverse communities so together we can build tolerance and cohesion, fight the indignities of poverty and lost life chances, and support the City's global economic competitiveness. This purpose demands high quality properly funded public services that can meet communities' needs; deliver affordable housing; protect and enhance the environment and biodiversity; and secure a net zero carbon future.

There is a great responsibility on the Council as a provider of services and a partner with the private, public, community and voluntary sectors. Prudent stewardship of the Council's resources is required to fulfil statutory duties and ensure services best meet the City's needs. We aim to make every penny count.

The context for budget making is challenging. Global events in health, cost of living, climate change combined with a decade of public policy failures in economic management and trade have slowed economic growth and created new pressures on our lives.

Since 2010, national fiscal policies have led to wealth flowing into the hands of the few, whilst those on low incomes have become poorer and the public sector has been hollowed out. The UK is now one of the most unequal of the world's developed nations. Locally, the City's fast-growing economy is contributing to the rising costs of housing and traffic congestion which impacts on the viability of bus services.

Council's Priorities

To deliver the Council's vision for 'One Cambridge, Fair of All,' the Council's four key priorities are to:

- Tackle Poverty and Inequality, despite the cost-of-living crisis and austerity, and promote food and fuel injustice,
- Achieve a net zero Council by 2030, address the climate and biodiversity emergencies,
- Build a New Generation of Sustainable Council Homes and work to reduce and prevent homelessness,

• Protect Local Services and Businesses while modernising the Council to best support and represent Cambridge residents.

Local Government Funding and Savings Requirement

Government requires local authorities to set a balanced budget within the context of a five-year Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS). For its part the Government create uncertainty for financial planning through one year funding settlements and possibilities of a fair funding review and a business rates retention reset. However, the Autumn Statement confirmed continued austerity, a forecast 3.4% real terms fall in local government funding in the four years to 2028/29.

The Government's provisional Local Government Finance Settlement, for 2024/25 this translates into a 4.53% increase of £970k in the Council's core spending power of £18.99m for 2023/24. Of this sum, £461k would require a Council Tax increase of 2.99%.

The Council's MTFS identifies a five-year net and recurring savings requirement of £11.1m (by 2028/29) from the current £74m pa General Fund budget.

To ensure, the Council neither faces a cliff edge funding gap in 2026/27 nor makes considerably more savings than ultimately required, the Council will identify and deliver recurring net savings of £6m pa within three years from 2024/25.

It is proposed to offset this target by allocating £1.5m pa of Business Rates retention funds. The balance will be delivered through service transformation.

Public Consultation on the MTFS

The Council wishes to thank the 263 people who responded to the public consultation on the MTFS which was held between 21st November and 14th January 2024. In response to multiple choice questions:

- Respondents identified their most important priorities for Cambridge as: affordable housing (121); congestion, greener transport, and buses (112); and address poverty and inequality (85);
- Respondents identified their three most valued service as: parks, open spaces, trees and nature reserves (156); waste services (99); and community safety including prevention of anti-social behaviour (92).

• Of the options to balance the budget over the next five years, respondents prioritised asset management to increase income and partnership working to make savings and increase efficiency.

This broad support for the Council's priorities and invaluable pointers will inform decisions on the required budget savings. In written comments, respondents expressed a desire for a balanced approach to the City's development, one that promotes environmental sustainability, addresses social inequalities, and ensures the maintenance and improvement of essential infrastructure. Respondents are looking for transparency and efficiency in the use of funds with a focus on value for money and prioritising the needs of the community.'

Budget Proposals

The General Fund capital proposals are dominated by the Council's proposals to procure design and consultancy services to establish the business cases for the Civic Quarter: refurbishment and reuse of the Guildhall and updates to the Market and Corn Exchange. Two contributions to earmarked reserves are made £20m towards the Civic Quarter and £0.75m towards measures to deliver the Council's climate change objectives. Spending to be the subject of scrutiny and approvals. On the revenue side, budgets pressures from reduced income and bids are balanced by increased income and savings.

Conclusion

The Council privileges prudent stewardship of its funds and assets and works to ensure value for money from every penny of expenditure. In addition to fulfilling its statutory duties, the Council is delivering its priorities both directly and through innovative partnerships. To provide a safety net for the increasing number of people in need, the Council support networks of food and warm hubs to help people who can no longer make ends meet and afford to heat their homes. To provide a new generation of sustainable Council homes, the Council through its joint venture partnership is responding to the acute shortage of affordable, low energy homes. A multi-agency partnership is working to prevent and address homelessness. Working towards a net zero Council, protecting, and enhancing the environment is central to everything the Council does. To make savings and improve effectiveness, the Council is investing in the Our Cambridge Transformation Programme to accelerate change in the design, digitalisation, and delivery of our services.

Councillor Simon Smith, Executive Councillor for Finance & Resources

Section 1 Introduction

Purpose

The Budget Setting Report (BSR) is designed to provide an integrated view of the council's finances and outlook, covering General Fund (GF) revenue and capital spending. The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), approved in November 2023, set out the financial strategy for the council in light of local context and external factors and the outlook for public sector funding. It reviewed key assumptions and risks, confirming the framework for detailed budget work for 2024/25 and beyond. The BSR brings together the detailed budget proposals and context scrutinised at Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee on 15 January 2024, consultation outcomes, business rates and council tax calculations and any final adjustments. It sets out detailed recommendations and proposes a budget for the next financial year and indicative budget projections for the following four years.

Background

The MTFS identified a total net savings requirement of around £11.1m for the 5-year period. Alternative scenarios were modelled, giving a range of savings requirements between £6.12m to £28.62m. These savings requirements stem from reductions in government funding, the additional net cost of services for every new home in the city and unavoidable cost increases and income pressures.

£000	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	Total
Net savings requirement	2,339	1,028	4,589	1,846	1,251	11,053

Key member decision-making dates

Date	Task
15 January 2024	Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee considers the budget context and budget proposals.
5 February 2024	The Executive reviews the Budget Setting Report (BSR), including the results and implications of the budget consultation, and recommends the final BSR to Council.
21 February 2024	Council approves the budget and sets the council tax for 2024/25

Section 2 National and local policy context

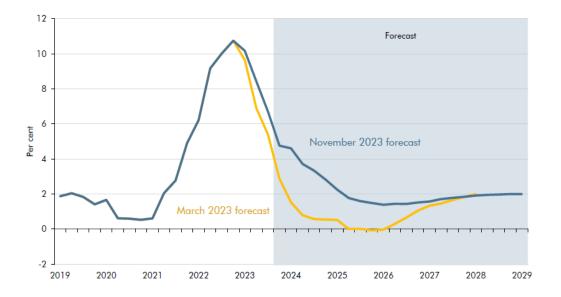
National policy framework

Economic factors

Inflation has reduced but remains a source of concern

The global economic environment continues to be finely balanced. Whilst inflation in many major economies has cooled, there is an acceptance that the causes of ongoing inflation are not imported. This is because inflation is above target despite the impact of high energy costs being absent from the index as energy costs have fallen when compared year-on-year. In the UK, inflation has fed through to domestic pricing to a greater extent than previously forecast. This has led to recognition that inflation is likely to remain above the Bank of England target of 2% for longer. Therefore, it is likely to be further into the future before central banks, including the Bank of England, can consider reductions in the base rate.

The chart below sets out changes in the OBR's projections for CPI inflation between March and November 2023:



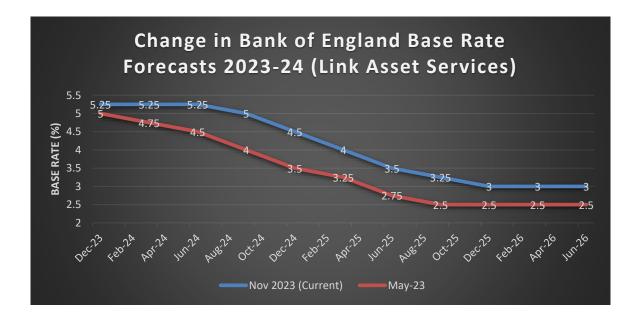
Gloomy prospects for future economic growth

The recent autumn statement saw the government confirm the progress it had made towards achieving its three economies priorities of halving inflation, growing the economy and reducing debt. Whilst the first priority has now been achieved, the statement gave an update on the measures being undertaken to achieve the other two priorities.

Fears of a recession have eased, and real GDP is now 2% above its pre-pandemic level. However, the OBR has concluded that, even after fiscal policy intervention to reduce the tax burden on individuals and businesses, real GDP is only expected to grow modestly over the forecast period with real GDP growth slowing from 4.3% in 2022 to 0.6% in 2023 and 0.7% in 2024. Cumulatively over the forecast period to 2027, the OBR has established growth is likely to be 2.4% lower than had been assumed in March 2023. As explained further below difficult choices will be required to reduce government debt.

Easing of interest rates still some way off

Earlier in the year it had been assumed that the Bank of England may need to increase interest rates to 5.5% or even 6%. The current rate of 5.25% is now understood to represent a peak but there is a degree of consensus amongst commentators that rates will remain at their elevated level for longer. This is reflected in the graph below highlighting differences between the current forecast from our Treasury Management advisors and their forecast from six months earlier.



The uncertainty over interest rates feeds into other sectors of the economy. In particular, the rate for gilts is impacted by forecaster's assessment of the prospects for interest rates. Yields on 10-year government gilts (the government's source of borrowing) recently rose to 4.5%, a 15 year high. This translates through to the cost of PWLB borrowing. Since the General Fund does not have an immediate need to undertake new borrowing this does not have an immediate impact but if rates do not fall

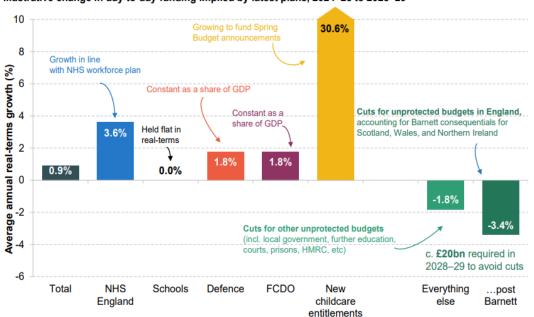
when expected the financial gap in the MTFS will be higher than that previously forecast.

Difficult choices ahead to maintain fiscal responsibility

As part of its autumn statement the government emphasised that the economy was in a stronger position than had been expected in March. This was due to a fall in borrowing in the current year which contributed to an expectation that borrowing in 202/24 would be £15.8 billion (13.6%) lower than anticipated at the start of the year. This was largely due to increased tax receipts arising from the persistent domestic inflation referenced above and only a marginal forecast increase in government spending.

The government announced reductions in taxation which are forecast to cost around £21.5 billion whilst, in the OBR's assessment, only boosting economic output by 0.3% by 2027/28. This has led many commentators to speculate on the impact of the OBR's revised projections for the financing of public services recognising the fiscal impact of earlier announcements and the historic approach to protecting spending in education and the NHS.

The chart below from the Institute of Fiscal Studies provides a stark illustration of the potential longterm impact for local government acknowledging that any cash increases in the settlement are likely to be eaten away by persistent inflation with the need to fund already-announced policy measures and fund protected services contributing to a real-terms fall in the funding for unprotected services (including local government) totaling 3.4% over the four years to 2028/29.





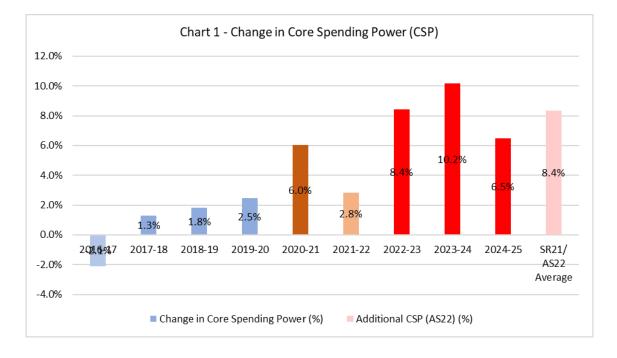
Modelling in the council's MTFS did not assume that funding for local government would keep up with inflation. The assessment that the settlement from 2026/27 will remain flat in cash terms remains

in this budget. The risk to the council is that persistent inflation, coupled with higher borrowing costs to finance capital expenditure, will push expenditure higher than forecast and that since no additional funding is available to compensate, the financial gap between expenditure and available resources will increase.

2024/25 Provisional local government finance settlement

The 2023/24 local government finance settlement set out clear expectations that the 2024/25 settlement would follow similar lines. The government confirmed this approach in the local government finance policy statement published on 5 December 2023, which set out the principles for the local government finance settlement. The one-year provisional settlement was announced on 18 December 2023, with the final settlement expected in February 2024.

As shown in the chart below, the settlement continues the series of real terms increases in core spending power (CSP) for the local authority sector that started in 2020/21. However, CSP increases are expected to be lower from 2025/26 onwards, and reliant on council tax rises rather than grant increases.



The table below compares the CSP in the provisional settlement with the previous year and funding assumptions included in the MTFS.

Core Spending Power (CSP) - £m	2023/24 Final finance settlement	MTFS 2023	2024/25 Provisional finance settlement	2024/25 % change from 2023/24
Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA), including Revenue Support Grant (RSG)	4.591	4.601	4.853	5.71%
Core funding grants, including funding guarantee	4.634	5.097	3.201	-30.92%
New Homes Bonus (NHB)	0.053	0.053	1.733	3169.81%
Council Tax ¹	9.712	10.306	10.173	4.75%
	18.990	20.057	19.960	4.53%

¹ – settlement figures based on government projections. Based on the actual calculated taxbase for 2024/25 and assuming that a 2.99% council tax increase is approved, the actual council tax figure will be £10.253m

The provisional settlement provides £0.097m less funding than assumed in the MTFS. Whilst the overall change from 2023/24 is comparable to other district councils, the breakdown of our funding reflects a significant switch between NHB and the funding guarantee.

The NHB increase is driven by a significant increase in new properties and a reduction in empty properties, with a compensating decrease in the funding guarantee. As in previous years, this NHB allocation will not give rise to future legacy payments. 10% of the NHB of £1.733m will be set aside as a contribution to the Greater Cambridge Partnership (GCP) investment and delivery fund, in line with the current agreement with partners. Yet again, no replacement for NHB has been announced, giving rise to the possibility that it may continue for 2025/26, as there will be little time to replace it following the expected general election.

A funding guarantee of £2.341m (2023/24 £3.713m) is included. Significantly, the guarantee represents funding that can be considered to be at risk going forwards. The inclusion of this guarantee continues to stabilise the council's funding for 2024/25 but draws attention to the high level of uncertainty inherent in the funding system at present.

The settlement confirmed that the council tax referendum limit for district councils will remain at the 2.99% or £5 on the Band D property, whichever is higher.

Future prospects

Whilst there is considerable uncertainty relating to the CSP for 2025/26 onwards, the council has modelled the possible trajectory of this funding, to form a basis of financial planning for the next five years.

Core Spending Power (£m)	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Business rates income	10.717	10.913	8.606	9.314	10.065
Less: Business rates growth	(6.034)	(6.149)	(3.762)	(4.389)	(5.053)
Baseline Funding Level ¹	4.683	4.764	4.844	4.925	5.012
Revenue Support Grant ¹	0.170	0.174	2.466	2.385	2.298
Grants	4.913	4.564			
Council Tax	10.253	10.651	11.113	11.591	12.035
	20.019	20.153	18.423	18.901	19.345

Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA) = Baseline Funding Level + Revenue Support Grant

Business rates

The council continues to benefit from the growth in the total rateable value of business properties located in the city. Whilst that growth can be observed and independently verified, the nature of the business rates system means that there can be delays between when a property is first occupied and when it is formally valued for the purpose of determining its liability for business rates.

The council has determined that the collection fund in respect of business rates is projected to be in deficit on 31 March 2024. This is because, at the present time, the total business rates income due to be received in this financial year is less than the amount the council agreed to pay out based on estimates produced in January 2023. The council's share of that deficit is £1.237m. The council will be required to make a payment into the collection fund in 2024/25 to clear its share of the projected deficit as determined at the point of setting the 2024/25 budget.

Despite the deficit, the council continues to be in a position where it can transfer income generated from business rates growth into the GF. The amounts assumed in the MTFS have been updated taking account of the current rateable value of business properties in Cambridge and expected changes in that rateable value between now and 31 March 2025. Projecting over that time horizon is inherently challenging, particularly since response times from the Valuation Office Agency (VOA) to get new or altered properties rated can be lengthy and VOA decisions can be challenged by the ratepayer and subsequently adjusted. A further update will be provided as part of the outturn report which will confirm the final amount transferred to the general reserve in 2023/24.

Tax base and council tax

Tax base

The tax base is one element in determining both the level of council tax to be set and the amount it is estimated will be collected. This calculation is governed by regulation and the formal setting of the tax base is delegated to the Chief Finance Officer to enable notification to be made to the major precepting authorities during January each year.

The tax base reflects the number of domestic properties in the city expressed as an equivalent number of band D properties, adjusted for various discounts, exemptions and reliefs. Allowances are made for projected growth in the number of dwellings and an estimated deduction for non-collection.

The tax base for 2024/25 is 45,490. The calculation is presented in Appendix A(a) of this report.

Collection fund

The collection fund is a statutory fund, maintained by billing authorities such as the council, into which income from council tax and business rates is recorded and out of which respective amounts set for the year are paid to the council and precepting bodies. The council's share of the surplus on the collection fund in respect of council tax is £123k to be paid into the GF in 2024/25.

Council tax thresholds

Under the Localism Act, local authorities are required to hold a local referendum if they propose to increase council tax above the relevant limit set by the Secretary of State. For 2024/25 an increase is deemed to excessive if it is 3% or higher for a Band D property, with district councils permitted to increase their element of council tax by up to £5, where this is 3% or higher.

Council tax level

Financial projections of the council tax level made for the October 2023 MTFS assumed a council tax income of £10.306m based on the projected council tax base at that time and an increase in council tax of 2.99%. Having updated the council tax base as part of the budget-setting process, the income from council tax in 2024/25 based on the same increase in council tax level set out in the MTFS is estimated at £10.253m. Band D council tax for 2024/25 will be £225.39 with proportionate increases applied to other valuation bands, as shown below.

Council tax band	2023/24 £	2024/25 £	Difference £
А	145.90	150.26	4.36
В	170.22	175.30	5.09
С	194.53	200.35	5.82
D	218.85	225.39	6.54
E	267.48	275.48	8.00
F	316.12	325.56	9.45
G	364.75	375.65	10.91
Н	437.70	450.78	13.09

Local policy priorities

Corporate Plan 2022-27

The local policy priorities for the council are set out in the corporate plan and expanded on in the suite of strategies and policies the council has adopted in recent years. The plan, available on the council's website (Corporate plan 2022-27: our priorities for Cambridge - Cambridge City Council) sets out the key themes and strategic objectives for Cambridge City Council for the five years 2022-27. It contains the council's vision and describes how the council is working to deliver these priorities and to transform the council to deliver quality services within a challenging financial context.

The corporate plan sets out four priorities:

- Leading Cambridge's response to the climate and biodiversity emergencies and creating a net zero council by 2030
- Tackling poverty & inequality and helping people in the greatest need
- Building a new generation of council and affordable homes and reducing homelessness
- Modernising the council to lead a greener city that is fair for all

Review of local factors

Local demographic factors impact on the council's financial strategies in terms of their effect on the level of demand for services, the specific types and nature of services, and the income available to the council through council tax, business rates, and fee and charges.

population is set to increase by 26% between 2011 and 2031. The council is already focused on meeting the needs of new communities and residents through better use of technology, joint services with other local authorities and partnership working (through the Greater Cambridge Partnership (GCP) and the Combined Authority in order to lever in funding for infrastructure improvements.

Whilst new homes generate new council tax income for providing services, the increase in student accommodation (with council tax exemptions) and the number of inward commuters, plus the particular needs of new residents as they settle into new communities, can present additional service demands and financial pressure. This comes at a time of ongoing financial pressures facing council budgets.

The council will continue to explore ways to make better use of resources and new technologies (for example, for managing and maintaining new open spaces being created as part of new neighbourhoods and to enable new communities to become established and thrive on their own sooner).

Our Cambridge Transformation Programme

In recognition of the financial challenges it is currently facing, the council has embarked on an ambitious transformation programme known as "Our Cambridge". This programme is already reshaping and redesigning the council to build a better, more sustainable organisation that has a deeper and more integrated relationship with our community and partners and can operate within its financial means.

After a period of exploration and design, the programme has now moved into the implementation phase, with major projects to reshape City Operations and the Corporate centre and deliver fit-forpurpose accommodation now underway.

Section 3 Budget consultation

Budget consultation 2024/25

The Executive, at a meeting in November 2023, approved a public budget consultation to gather residents' views. The consultation was carried out on our online consultation platform, giving everyone the chance to comment. Respondents were asked about their priorities for Cambridge and the council and how they felt about a range of approaches the council could take to balance its budget in the medium and longer term.

A summary of responses in included at Appendix B. There was broad support for many courses of action, including making efficiencies, reducing the specification of some services, and increasing charges, including council tax. However, concern was expressed about the possible impact on those who are vulnerable or on low incomes.

This feedback has informed decisions relating to this final BSR and will help shape future thinking on how the council meets its savings target for future years, including through the Our Cambridge transformation programme.

Section 4 General Fund revenue budgets

2023/24 outturn

As at the end of December 2023 (quarter 3), the forecast outturn for the GF is a ± 3.2 m underspend. However, budget carry-forwards of approximately ± 1 m are expected each year, leading to a forecast contribution to reserves which is ± 2.2 M higher than that set out in the 2023/24 budget. This is offset by application of reserves during the year to fund the 2023/24 pay award (to the extent it was not budgeted for in the original budget), cost associated with the restructure of the City Services team and other one-off expenditure not built into the original budget. This is shown in more detail in the table in Section 6.

At present the General Fund expects to realise approximately £3M more in investment income than had been assumed when the original budget was set. This represents a significant proportion of the anticipated underspend. Following a series of rent reviews, rent on our commercial properties is currently forecast to be £240k more than had been originally estimated. These positive variances are offset by reductions in contributions received from income- generating commercial services including car parks (£80K), garage services (£450k) and markets (£160k). 2024/25 budget proposals include reductions to income budgets for those services where the fall in income observed in this year is expected to continue.

Budget proposals

The GF revenue projections for 2024/25 to 2028/29 as presented in the MTFS have been reviewed and changes proposed. Proposals have arisen from policy priorities, such as support for the most vulnerable and delivering on improvements to the environmental performance of our buildings. Proposals also include savings from the review of City Services and increased income from our property portfolio.

At the start of the budget process, principles were set to guide the development of proposals, as follows:

- No pressures / bids / reductions in income less than £50,000 will be considered. Group Leads will
 be expected to manage these within existing budgets and in line with virement rules which are
 designed to ensure that spending is undertaken for the purpose it is intended (see Appendix A)
- There is no de minimis limit for savings or increases in income
- Group Leads should combine proposals (bids, pressures, saving etc) provided that the constituent
 parts relate to the same portfolio and any pressures / bids / reductions in income are individually
 greater than £50,000. A breakdown of the proposal must be provided to ensure transparency and
 enable scrutiny

Where applicable, proposals are supported by business cases. All proposals have been examined and challenged by the Leadership Team and scrutinised by the Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee. One proposal, B5249, has been added since that scrutiny.

The impact of these proposals is shown below in aggregate, by portfolio in Appendix D(a) and in detail by type of proposal in Appendices D(b) – (d).

Performance against savings target

For the purposes of the table below, it has been assumed that where there are savings to be found they will be achieved in the year as recurring savings and will not therefore rollforward to later years.

MTFS 2023 identified a budget gap of just over £2.3m for 2024/25. This gap has been addressed mainly by the proposed application of £1.5m of in-year business rates growth to the funding of services and a contribution from general reserves. In previous years, all business rates growth has been taken directly to general reserves on the basis that it is not guaranteed. However, business rates growth well in excess of this amount has now been received each year for a number of years. There is a risk that the business rates reset, now expected to impact in 2026/27, will reduce the annual amount for that year below £1.5m before growth begins to accumulate again. If this were to be the case, the council is highly likely to have sufficient general reserves to address any gap.

The total deficit in year, to be covered by a contribution from general reserves, is £1.897m. The deficit is driven largely by the collection fund deficit from business rates of £1.237m, as explained in Section 2 of this report.

Savings requirements - £000	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	Total
Net savings requirement – new each year (MTFS 2023)	2,339	1,028	4,589	1,846	1,251	11,053
Reduced income	762	650	650	650	650	
Bids	576	350	350	350	350	
Savings	(1,172)	(972)	(972)	(972)	(972)	
Increased income	(309)	(359)	(229)	(229)	(229)	
Net bids and savings	(143)	(331)	(201)	(201)	(201)	
Use of business rates growth to fund services	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	
(Increase) / decrease in baseline funding level compared with MTFS 2023	(82)	(71)	2,393	2,312	2,225	
Decrease / (increase) in core grants and RSG compared with MTFS 2023	67	405	(2,466)	(2,385)	(2,298)	
10% NHB transferred to GCP investment and delivery fund	173					
Decrease in council tax income - change in tax base and 2.99% increase	53	55	55	56	57	
Collection fund surplus - council tax	(123)					
Collection fund deficit - business rates	1,237					
Technical adjustments	(130)	(130)	(130)	(130)	(130)	
Contribution from reserves	(1,897)					
Total funding changes	(2,202)	(1,241)	(1,648)	(1,647)	(1,646)	
Change to indicative cost of capital financing strategy	6	57	137	207	260	
Total changes to savings requirements	(2,339)	(1,515)	(1,712)	(1,641)	(1,587)	
Revised net savings requirement - cumulative	0	1,852	6,244	8,161	9,466	
Revised net savings requirement -new each year	0	1,852	4,392	1,917	1,305	9,466

It should be noted that the longer-term savings requirement has decreased by £1.587m, due mainly the application of business rates growth rather than to the delivery of net savings. High levels of uncertainty remain relating to future funding levels from government, with the highest level of new net savings falling to be delivered in 2026/27 assuming that the implementation of any review of local

government funding and business rates reset impacts in that year.

The base case scenario presented above does not include an allowance for future unavoidable pressures. However, scenario modelling undertaken to support the MTFS included consideration of the impacts of varying levels of general inflation, pay inflation, interest income, council tax and funding settlements. The five-year net savings requirements identified ranged from £6.12m to £28.62m. This represents 32% - 150% of the council's 2023/24 core spending power (core spending power is the total of core grants, business rates and council tax income provided by the local government finance settlement).

Section 5 General Fund capital budgets

Capital strategy

In line with guidance, the council will prepare a capital strategy to be presented to Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee and Council alongside the BSR and the treasury management and investment strategies.

Capital plan

The council's capital plan shows approved expenditure for the next five years, where relevant, for each programme or scheme.

Capital proposals

A total of £1.9m of capital proposals for 2024/25 are listed in Appendix E(a), with a further £35k per year for the three years from 2025/26 to 2028/29. One proposal, CAP5248, has been added since scrutiny at Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee on 15 January 2024.

Development of the Civic Quarter

£1.00m is requested to procure design and consultancy services to deliver RIBA stage 2 designs for the Guildhall, as described in the report to be brought to Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee on 29 January 2024. This scheme is to be funded with £1.00m from the Civic Quarter Development Reserve (see Section 5). Future proposals for the Market Square and Corn Exchange will be brought forward over the course of the financial year.

Other proposals

The remaining proposals consist of a range of schemes to support service delivery, which will be funded from existing capital resources.

The projections in the remainder of the BSR assume that all capital proposals are approved.

Financing

Capital schemes are funded from a variety of internal and external funding sources. The use of certain funding types is restricted, for example developer and other contributions, grants, and earmarked and specific funds.

Internal:

- Earmarked and specific funds (e.g. asset replacement reserve)
- Capital receipts
- Internal borrowing (use of cash balances MRP funded from revenue resources)
- Prudential (external) borrowing (interest and MRP funded from revenue resources)
- Revenue resources (by exception only)

External:

- Developer and other contributions
- Grants, National Lottery etc.

The table below sets out how the capital plan, including the capital proposals listed in Appendix E(a), is to be financed. As capital receipts are not certain with regard to amount or timing, only specific financing such as grants and contributions can be allocated to individual capital schemes, with the majority of schemes financed from either capital receipts or borrowing. Financing will be allocated to these schemes as they are delivered in the most financially advantageous way.

Prudential borrowing and Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)

Where capital expenditure is funded from internal or external borrowing, a minimum revenue provision (MRP) is charged annually in line with the council's MRP policy. The MRP policy is presented to Council for approval annually in the Treasury Management Strategy Statement.

Where restricted funding is not available, capital receipts are used as the first option to fund capital schemes. The following table shows the availability of this source of funding going forward to meet the indicative ten-year capital expenditure set out in the capital strategy. However, there is a risk that receipts may not be achieved as forecast and that more or less borrowing will be necessary as a result. Note that the below figures include both statutory capital receipts from the sale of assets and development surpluses (for example from CIP) which the council has chosen to apply to fund the forward capital plan.

Capital receipts and development surpluses available (£00	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	2028/29 £000
Brought forward at 1 April	20,165	11,939	6,129	2,681	1,492	3,732
Forecast capital receipts and development surpluses	5,825	4,000	0	475	3,000	0
Used for financing of in-year capital plan expenditure	(8,085)	(9,810)	(3,448)	(1,664)	(760)	(700)
Used for financing of historic capital plan expenditure (to reduce internal or external borrowing)	(6,026)	0	0	0	0	0
Carried forward at 31 March	11,939	6,129	2,681	1,492	3,732	3,032

The current capital plan, updated for schemes approved since the MTFS 2023 and proposals for new schemes is shown in detail in Appendix E(c). The tables below summarise the changes since the MTFS November 2023, the latest capital plan and how it is funded.

Capital plan spending	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	2028/29 £000	Total £000
Spend MTFS November 2023 (updated totals)	58,806	83,157	17,092	1,647	700	700	162,102
Approved or Amended since MTFS November 2023 (Appendix D(b)	341	255	42	42	0	0	680
Capital plan before new proposals	59,147	83,412	17,134	1,689	700	700	162,782
Re-profiling of existing scheme	0	(60)	0	0	60	0	0
New proposals see Appendix D (a)	35	2,000	35	35	0	0	2,105
Revised capital plan	59,182	85,352	17,169	1,724	760	700	164,887

Capital plan funding	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	TOTAL
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
External support							
Developer contributions	(1,128)	(173)	(10)	0	0	0	(1,311)
Other sources	(7,505)	(6,555)	(211)	(60)	0	0	(14,331)
Total – External support	(8,633)	(6,728)	(221)	(60)	0	0	(15,642)
City Council							
Direct Revenue Financing (DRF) – GF services	(179)	0	0	0	0	0	(179)
Earmarked Reserve – Repairs and renewals fund - vehicles	(595)	0	0	0	0	0	(595)
Appropriations from General Fund	(2,993)	(130)	0	0	0	0	(3,123)
Earmarked Reserves – Capital Contributions	(1,415)	(2,603)	0	0	0	0	(4,018)
Earmarked Reserves – Climate Change Fund	(23)	0	0	0	0	0	(23)
Capital receipts and development surpluses	(8,085)	(9,810)	(3,448)	(1,664)	(760)	(700)	(24,467)
External borrowing - Park Street redevelopment	(11,295)	(65,081)	0	0	0	0	(76,376)
Internal and external borrowing - on- lending for capital purposes	(25,159)	0)	(13,500)	0	0	0	(38,659)
Internal and external borrowing - other schemes	(806)	(1,000)	0	0	0	0	(1,806)
Total – City Council	(50,550)	(78,624)	(16,948)	(1,664)	(760)	(700)	(149,246)
Total Funding	(59,182)	(85,352)	(17,169)	(1,724)	(760)	(700)	(164,887)
Capital Plan	59,182	85,352	17,169	1,724	760	700	164,887

Section 6 Risks and reserves

Risks and their mitigation

The table below summarises the main external risks to the financial standing and sustainability of the council, using a High-Medium-Low assessment.

Risk	Probability (H, M, L)	Impact (H, M, L))	Overall assessment (H, M, L)	Mitigation
The combined effects of inflation, increased interest rates and economic stresses may give rise to cost pressures, income reductions, recruitment difficulties, supply issues and other issues that will impact on the demand for and delivery of services	Н	Н	Н	Management overview and actions targeted to address significant impacts
Funding from central government (Settlement Funding Assessment, including the outcome of the Fair Funding Review, business rates revaluation and other grants) may fall below projections. The reset of the business rates baselines could impact the council, but impacts could be dampened.	Η	Η	Η	Monitor developments, plan delivery of savings and additional income, consider limited use of reserves
Assumptions and estimates, such as inflation, pay increases and interest rates, may prove incorrect	Н	М	н	Management overview and monitoring
Savings plans may not deliver projected savings to expected timescales	Н	н	н	Our Cambridge programme, management overview and monitoring
Unforeseen levels of expenditure, such as major repairs to offices and commercial properties, including the commitment to net zero carbon, may be required	М	Н	Н	Property condition surveys, review of property use, asset management planning
Increases in council tax and business rates receipts due to local growth may not meet expectations	М	L	L	Management overview and monitoring
New legislation or changes to existing legislation may have budgetary impacts	L	М	L	Management overview and monitoring
The council may be impacted by spending cuts implemented by other agencies	Н	L	L	Engagement with partners

Sensitivity analysis

The budget process addresses these risks by applying principles of prudence and sustainability throughout. The sensitivity of the budget to estimates and assumptions has been assessed in the MTFS presented to Council in November 2023.

Equality impact assessment

As a key element of considering the changes proposed in this BSR, an Equality impact assessment has been undertaken covering all Budget 2024/25 proposals. This is included in this report at Appendix F. Assessing the potential equality impact of proposed changes to policies, procedures and practices is one of the key ways in which public authorities can show that they have treated everyone fairly and without discrimination. In addition, all proposals are given poverty and climate change ratings, so that the overall impact of the proposals in those areas can be understood.

Section 25 Report

Section 25 (s. 25) of the Local Government Act 2003 requires that the Chief Finance Officer (CFO) reports to the authority, when it is making the statutory calculations required to determine its council tax or precept, on the following:

- The robustness of the estimates made for the purposes of the calculations, and
- The adequacy of the proposed levels of financial reserves.

This report is presented in Section 8.

Reserves

The council holds two types of general fund reserves:

- The GF is a working balance to cushion the impact of uneven cash flows. It acts as a contingency for unexpected emergencies, unforeseen spending or uncertain developments and pressures where the exact timing and value is not yet known and/or within the council's control. The reserve also provides cover for grant and income risk.
- Earmarked reserves are set aside for specific and designated purposes or to meet known or predicted liabilities, e.g. insurance claims.

Contributions to earmarked reserves

As indicated in the MTFS the following contributions to earmarked reserves are recommended.

Climate Change Fund £750k

A contribution of £750k from the general reserve is proposed to deliver the council's climate change objectives described in the Asset Management Plan as approved at Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee in March 2023, and in the District Heat Network report to committee in June 2023. The Climate Change Fund exists as an earmarked reserve to provide for works to achieve the Council's Climate Change Strategy and has an established approvals process. This funding will allow, subject to approval, spend as and when projects come to a state of readiness, and for the council to meet requirements of external funders for match funding, if and when funding schemes are announced, which can be with little notice and short timescales.

Civic Quarter Development Reserve £20m

A new earmarked reserve is proposed, with the remit to provide funding for work required to design and develop a new civic quarter in the centre of Cambridge, comprising the Guildhall, Market Square and Corn Exchange. Initially the reserve will be funded by a transfer of £20m from the general reserve. The level of this reserve will be subject to review as the underlying schemes are developed, and with reference to the level of general reserves, which will be dependent on future requirements to balance annual budgets and the achievement of business rates growth.

Remit for the Civic Quarter Development Reserve

The reserve will be classified as a major policy-led reserve.

Purpose

The reserve has been established to set aside funds for the development of the Civic Quarter comprising the Guildhall, Market Square and Corn Exchange.

Use of the Reserve

As the reserve has been set up to fund major redevelopment and regeneration projects, allocations from the reserve will require discussion at Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee and approval by the Executive Councillor for Finance and Resources.

Allocations can be used to fund both capital and revenue costs, with the accounting treatment of costs determined in line with the relevant Codes of Practice.

Management and control

The revenue and capital budgets funded from this reserve will be managed and reported in line with current financial management practices.

The reserve will be reviewed annually, with additional contributions or write-backs to general reserves approved through the council's budget setting processes.

General reserve

The minimum level of the GF reserve depends on the financial risks facing the council, which will vary over time. The prudent minimum balance (PMB) and target level of GF reserves were reviewed and amended in the MTFS. No further changes are recommended at this time.

GF reserves	£m
November 2023 MTFS / February 2024 BSR - Recommended levels	
- Target level	6.854
- Minimum level	5.934

The projected levels of reserves for the budget setting period, based on the proposals in this report and recommended contributions to earmarked reserves are set out below. This table assumes that all net savings requirements for 2025/26 and later years are delivered in the year identified.

GF reserve £'000s	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Balance at 1 April (b/fwd)	(28,061)	(22,987)	850	1,900	1,950	2,000
Contingency funding for adults with multiple disadvantages programme - BSR 2023/23	60	60				
WREN solar project - approved MTFS 2022 and BSR 2023/24	1,470	130				
Budgeted contribution to reserves per approved 2023/24 budget	(932)					
2022/23 Carry forwards	1,568					
2023/24 Funding approved at outturn – Greater Cambridge Impact (£200k)/Place Group Programme Delivery (£218k)/Climate Change Reserve (£80k)	498					
Funding approved at MTFS for 2023/24 pay award above 3% assumption in 2023/24 BSR	651					
Funding approved at MTFS to complete Our Cambridge transformation programme	700					
Restructuring arising from Phase 1 of City Services Review	548					
Application of previously approved funding in service budgets for capital projects	511					
Transfer to Civic Quarter Development Reserve		20,000				
Transfer to Climate Change Fund		750				
Contribution to balance 2024/25 budget		1,897				
Indicative funding for further restructuring arising from future phases of Our Cambridge		1,000	1,000			
Indicative funding for the Climate Change Fund (CCF)			50	50	50	50
Balance at 31 March before business rates growth (c/fwd)	(22,987)	850	1,900	1,950	2,000	2,050
Business rates growth – indicative growth element (at risk)	(7,400)	(5,313)	(5,414)	(3,762)	(4,389)	(5,053)
Use of business rates growth to fund services	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Balance at 31 March including business rates growth	(28,887)	(8,863)	(11,727)	(13,939)	(16,778)	(20,281)

Whilst reserve levels appear comfortably above the PMB when indicative levels of business rates

growth are included, there are likely to be further calls on these reserves including the costs of improving sustainability and climate change adaptation for both the council and the city, e.g., carbon reduction measures for the council's administrative and operational buildings, decarbonization of the council's vehicle fleet and reductions in water usage. Work to identify, plan for, and assess how these challenges will be met, including better estimates of potential costs, is at varying levels of development. The council is fortunate to have reserves available to meet some of these challenges, rather than having to borrow and incur interest and minimum revenue provision costs.

As noted, the levels of risk to the financial sustainability of the council are considerable. Many risks are external and substantially beyond the council's control, which is reflected in the PMB. However, failure to deliver the required savings and/or increased income through the Our Cambridge programme and other initiatives will give rise to use of general reserves to meet budget gaps year on year. This is not sustainable in the long term, so it is recommended that alternative use of reserves is only considered when a credible timetable for the delivery of substantially all net savings requirements has been set.

Section 7 Future strategy

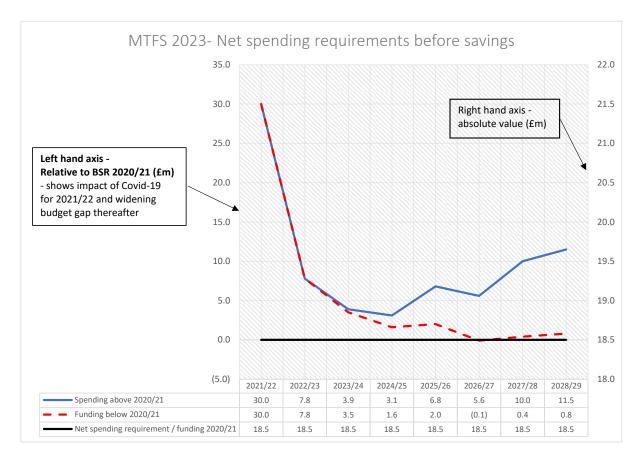
Whilst the outcomes of many of the risks and uncertainties outlined in the previous section may become clearer during 2024/25, the council must set out a strategy in this report to ensure on-going financial sustainability.

The MTFS savings challenge

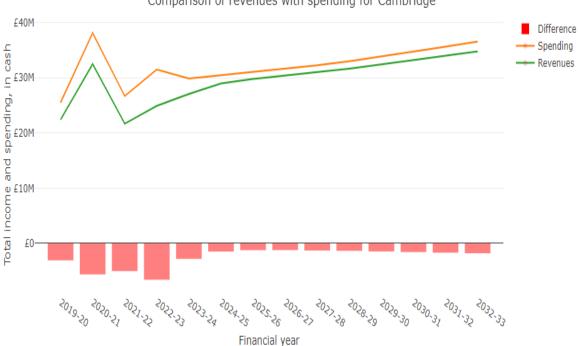
As a council, we are facing unprecedented and increasing challenges over the next five years. MTFS 2023 predicted that on the assumptions in our current base scenario, our budgeted net spend will fall from £22.0m in 2023/24 to £18.4m in 2026/27. When inflation is taken into account this represents a reduction of around £5.2m, or 23% in real terms.

This position is subject to considerable uncertainty, with unavoidable revenue pressures potentially higher than forecast and inflationary pressures and supply chain issues adding to the council's costs. The current cost of living crisis exacerbated by economic uncertainty driven by world events could lead to ongoing income reductions and increased demand for services. Similarly, the financial impact of the forthcoming General Election on the council is unclear.

MTFS 2023 presents a cumulative savings requirement rising from **£2.3m** in 2024/25 to **£11.1m** in 2028/29 for the base scenario. The charts on the following page show the difference between our projected spend and our forecast funding demonstrating the size of the savings gap and how it increases over the next five years. Following the changes recommended in this budget, the resulting net new savings requirement to 2027/28 is **£9.5m**, over the remaining <u>four</u> years of the MTFS period.



An alternative presentation is given by the CIPFA/IFS local government finance model, which confirms a widening gap between income and expenditure.



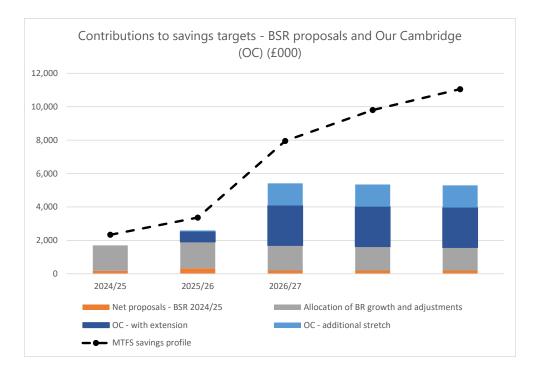
Comparison of revenues with spending for Cambridge

Achieving financial sustainability and resilience

Despite continuing pressures and uncertainties, the council's finances are currently healthy. In particular, it has good levels of general reserves. However, there is no foreseeable end to scarce funding for local authorities. Global economic troubles, the increasing challenges of climate change and the cost of living crisis all combine to create a difficult operating environment. It is important, therefore, to ensure that the council is prepared to manage financial challenges as they arise. To ensure financial resilience the council must work hard to: -

- Maintain healthy levels of reserves
- Plan and deliver savings in a controlled and sustainable way
- Ensure savings and income plans are firm and robust and that gaps / savings still to be found are minimised, particularly in the next two or three financial years
- Minimise unplanned overspends and/or carrying forward undelivered savings into the following year.

The current budget strategy targets £6m of recurring savings over three years, with the aim of making a substantial contribution towards the longer term budget gap. This approach acknowledges that the budget gap in later years is more difficult to assess at present and allows for specific remedial actions to be put in place as the budget gap is reassessed on a rolling basis.



Our Cambridge - Transformation and recovery programme

A detailed update on the progress on the programme was provided in Section 4 of MTFS 2023, alongside a request for additional funds to extend the programme to December 2025. This request was approved. The programme is expected to deliver substantial savings both within its extended timetable and beyond. By enabling culture change and undertaking detailed organisational design work, the programme will make it possible for the council to continue to deliver improvements and associated saving into the future.

£000	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Cumulative savings requirement	1,852	6,244	8,161	9,466
Our Cambridge - baseline savings	890	2,652	2,652	2,652
Our Cambridge - stretch savings	957	3,980	3,980	3,980
Savings to find after baseline savings	1,136	6,058	7,894	9,112
Savings to find after stretch savings	1,069	4,730	6,566	7,784

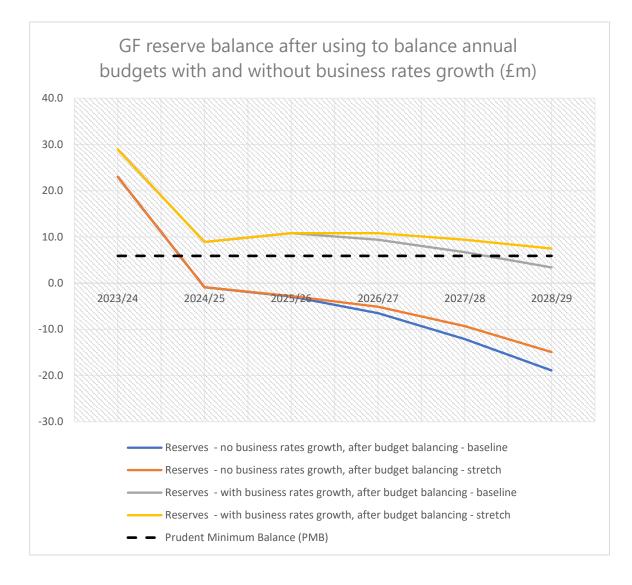
Projected savings from the programme are set out below, alongside the remaining budget gap.

The following chart shows the trajectory of the general fund reserve balance if these budget gaps have to be met through the use of reserves.

Unmet savings requirement

Reserves will become depleted if used to support annual budgets. Reserves can only be used once, and the graph below shows that reserves would be completely used in the 2024/25 financial year if no business rates growth is taken into account. Whilst this is a 'worst case' scenario, the level of future retained business rates growth is dependent on the extent and timing of changes to the business rates system and local economic conditions. Even if current forecasts of business rates growth are met and baseline savings are achieved, the level of general reserves is predicted to fall below PMB by the end of 2027/28. The council, therefore, cannot rely on business rates growth to remove the need to make further substantial savings, and will need to maximise the financial benefits of the Our Cambridge programme alongside identifying and delivering further significant reductions in spending or increases in income. This will be done by:

- Reviewing service standards for statutory services to ensure value for money is achieved
- Robustly challenging the costs and benefits of discretionary services
- Assessing the 'minimum viable option' for all services, flexing this upwards if finances allow
- Identifying additional savings and income; and
- Reviewing and optimising capital spending



Section 8 Section 25 report

Introduction

Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 requires the Council's Section 151 officer to report to the council when it is considering its budget requirement and consequent council tax. The report must deal with the robustness of the estimates made for the purposes of the calculations and the adequacy of the reserves allowed for in the budget proposals.

The rationale is to ensure that the estimates are sufficient to cover regular recurring costs plus any reasonable risks and uncertainties and, in the event of unexpected expenditure, there are adequate reserves to draw on. The calculations relate to the budget for the forthcoming year and the legal requirement may, therefore, be interpreted as reporting only on the 2024/25 estimates and reserves up to 31 March 2025.

Economic context

The council is subject to significant market uncertainties that make the estimation of costs and income difficult. CPI inflation remains above the Bank of England's 2% target and the future trajectory of interest rates is difficult to predict as a result. The supply chains and labour market remain challenging. Many service areas within the council are finding staff recruitment and retention difficult, leading to the need to take on agency staff to maintain service delivery. Furthermore, adverse economic conditions are leading to an increase in service demands. As a result, estimates in this BSR are less robust than would normally be expected and should be treated with some caution, and consideration given to the alternative scenarios modelled in the MTFS.

Future funding of local government

This is the sixth year that a single year financial settlement for local government has been announced. There is, therefore, significant uncertainty as to the quantum and form of local government funding underlying future year budget numbers presented. This hinders financial planning and makes it more difficult for the council to achieve financial sustainability. Fundamental changes to the distribution of funding have been expected for a number of years, with implementation of changes not now expected until 2026/27 making forecasting for this and future years very difficult.

Governance and financial management

The council conducts a review of its system of internal control, prepares and publishes an Annual Governance Statement each financial year. This demonstrates whether, and to what extent, the council complied with its Local Code of Governance. This process records the council's good practice and supports improvement of governance arrangements. Producing the Annual Governance Statement helps the council meet the requirements of Regulation 6(1)b of the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015. It is reviewed and approved by the Civic Affairs Committee. The council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. That duty has grown in importance with the reduction in resources being made available for local authorities as part of the government's on-going austerity programme. The council's financial management arrangements are consistent with the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government and the CIPFA Financial Management Code. The Annual Governance Statement concludes that the council has in place strong governance arrangements to protect its interests and provide necessary assurances to citizens and stakeholders. No significant governance issues were identified from the review of effectiveness.

Robustness of estimates

The council has well established and robust budget processes. These have been followed when compiling the 2024/25 budget and medium-term projections. A prudent approach has been taken to the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the MTFS in October 2023. Section 3 of that document sets out these estimates and assumptions and indicates the sensitivity of each in financial terms. Estimates relating to investment interest, business rates and council tax have been updated and other estimates confirmed during the development of this BSR.

The Housing Revenue Account (HRA) BSR identifies two historic rent setting issues. The first issue has been investigated and estimates of its financial impact included within the HRA BSR. However, the second issue is being explored and is subject to further work before it can be quantified and incorporated into financial forecasts.

Scenario planning and unavoidable revenue pressures

The council follows best practice in undertaking scenario modelling to support the MTFS. This includes consideration of the impacts of varying levels of general inflation, pay inflation, interest income, council tax and funding settlements. The five-year net savings requirements identified ranged from £6.12m to £28.62m. This represents 32% - 150% of the council's 2023/24 core spending power (core spending power is the total of core grants, business rates and council tax income provided by the local government finance settlement).

Given the high levels of focus on transformation and savings, it is expected that levels of emerging pressures will reduce. However, the scale of savings to be achieved by the council over the next five years is considerable and represents an ongoing risk and challenge.

Estimation and delivery of savings

The GF MTFS 2023 identified a need to deliver \pounds 2.3m net savings to balance the 2024/25 budget, and a total of \pounds 11.1m of net recurring required over the five year planning period. Whilst the 2024 budget is balanced, only \pounds 143k of net savings (\pounds 1,338k pressures, \pounds 1,481k savings / increased income) have been proposed, with \pounds 1.5m of 'at risk' funding from business rates growth being diverted to fund ongoing budgets, rather than being put into reserves in line with previous practice. Finally, the budget is balanced by the use of \pounds 1,897k of general reserves.

Savings proposals included in this GF BSR are considered to be deliverable. However, any failure or slippage in the delivery of savings, and increase in pressures, could result in no net savings being achieved in year. It should be noted that the ongoing use of reserves to balance budgets is not sustainable. Additionally, the use of business rates growth, which is uncertain and difficult to predict, adds risk to the balancing of future budgets.

Closing the identified budget gaps will require a fundamental change in the way that the council operates, and services are delivered. The council's transformation programme, Our Cambridge, has begun to deliver savings. Significant work is being done to change organisational culture and redesign service delivery. The programme is expected to deliver a significant portion of the required savings, with the cessation and contraction of some services likely to be needed in the medium term. At this point, it is not possible to assess whether sufficient savings will be delivered, or the timing of those savings. Risks to the delivery of savings include:

• the significant level of cultural, organisational and service delivery change to be delivered

- complex and time-consuming decision-making mechanisms that are not well equipped to manage complex and cross-cutting financial and organisational issues and will be subject to review and change as transformation is delivered
- demanding timescales
- significant pressures on officer capacity to deliver business-as-usual, cost-of-living crisis response and transformational change.

There are, therefore, significant levels of risk around the estimation and delivery of potential income and savings required to ensure the financial sustainability of the council, both GF and HRA, in the medium term.

Adequacy of reserves

The requirement for financial reserves is acknowledged in statute. Section 32 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 requires billing authorities in England and Wales to have regard to the level of reserves needed for meeting estimated future expenditure when calculating the budget requirement. It is the responsibility of the Section 151 officer to advise local authorities on the level of reserves that they should hold and to ensure that there are clear protocols for their establishment and use. Reserves should not be held without a clear purpose.

The council holds the following usable reserves. Further information on these reserves can be found in Draft Statement of Accounts 2022/23 - Cambridge City Council.

Usable reserves (£000)	At 31 March 2023
General reserves	
General Fund	28,061
HRA	10,521
	38,582
Earmarked reserves	
General Fund	28,787
HRA	17,328
	46,115
Other usable reserves	
Capital receipts reserve (GF and HRA)	35,729
Major repairs reserve (HRA)	7,684
Capital grants unapplied reserve (GF and HRA)	21,203
	64,616
Total usable reserves	149,313

A key mitigation for financial risk is the Section 151 officer's estimate of a prudent level of reserves. A risk assessment was undertaken in MTFS 2023 to determine the level of non-earmarked general reserves required by the council. Section 6 of this report recommends no changes to the assessment at this time. In making the recommendation for the level of reserves, the Section 151 officer has followed guidance in the CIPFA Bulletin 13– Local Authorities Reserves and Balances (updated). The risk analysis shows that a prudent minimum level of reserves for 2024/25 will be of the order of £5.9m.

The final table in Section 6 shows that the anticipated level of the general fund reserve, when <u>business</u> <u>rates growth is included and if savings are achieved in line with the calculated profile</u> will remain above the prudent minimum level for the duration of the medium-term planning period. However, business rates growth income is not guaranteed, and the expected business rates reset will reduce this income stream substantially, probably from 2026/27 onwards. The application of £1.5m of this growth every year to fund services adds to the risk that the general reserve may become depleted, as do the budget gaps that remain after the savings expected from the Our Cambridge programme are delivered, as illustrated in Section 7.

Financial sustainability

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) produces a Financial Sustainability Index for councils, comprising a range of indicators and allows comparison with all district councils or 'nearest neighbours'. These comparisons are shown below, using 2022/23 data.



All district councils

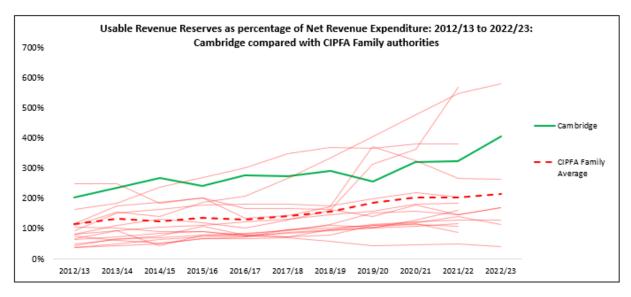
Indicator	Min	Indicator Value	Max
Reserves Sustainability Measure	0.32	62.01	100.00
Level of Reserves	-8,561.18%	655.86%	1,968.96%
Change In Reserves	-90.39%	-4.61%	212.78%
Interest Payable/ Net Revenue Expenditure	-458.26%	86.65%	528.01%
Gross External Debt	£0k	£213,572k	£1,996,612k
Fees & Charges to Service Expenditure Ratio	1.42%	38.38%	57.96%
Council Tax Requirement / Net Revenue Expenditure	-2,279.55%	108.35%	583.02%
Growth Above Baseline	-153.23%	59.97%	435.83%

Nearest neighbours

	Indicators of Financial Stress			
	🔶 Higher Risk	Lower	Risk 🔶	
Reserves Sustainability Measure				
Level of Reserves				
Change In Reserves				
Interest Payable/ Net Revenue Expenditure				
Gross External Debt				
Fees & Charges to Service Expenditure Ratio				
Council Tax Requirement / Net Revenue Expendi				
Growth Above Baseline				
Indicator	Min	Indicator Value	Max	
Reserves Sustainability Measure	5.69	62.01	100.00	
Level of Reserves	-4.43%	655.86%	1,968.96%	
Change In Reserves	-34.51%	-4.61%	79.52%	
Interest Payable/ Net Revenue Expenditure	0.00%	86.65%	528.01%	
Gross External Debt	£12,305k	£213,572k	£1,996,612k	
Fees & Charges to Service Expenditure Ratio	11.15%	38.38%	38.38%	
Council Tax Requirement / Net Revenue Expenditure	re 39.72%	108.35%	253.85%	
Growth Above Baseline	-32.65%	59.97%	203.14%	

Reserves sustainability measure: This is the ratio between the current level of reserves and the average of the previous three years decrease in reserves. The maximum value of this indicator is 100, with all except 26 (2021/22, 5) district councils scoring the maximum.

A more useful comparison is provided below, showing that the council's usable reserves are above the average of its CIPFA nearest neighbours, and well-positioned with the group as a whole.



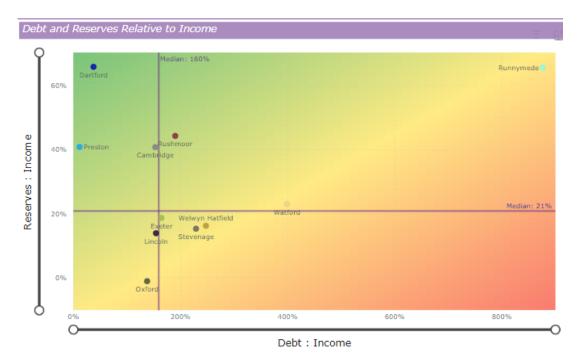
Graph provided by LGImprove

Interest payable /Net revenue expenditure, Gross external debt: These indicators record the council's HRA debt and the interest payable on it, which is fully supported by rents and other revenue within the HRA as shown within the HRA's 30-year business plan and is therefore not considered to be a risk to the council's financial sustainability. The council currently holds no other debt.

Council tax requirement / Net revenue expenditure, Fees and charges to service expenditure ratio: These indicators show the reliance that the council has on income other than council tax to support the provision of services and are designed such that high levels of other income are considered to reduce the financial risk to the council. However, the pandemic and current economic pressures have shown that the reverse is the case with income from commercial property and car parking income subject to external influences outside the council's control. These income flows are kept under close review through the year. If and when shortfalls are predicted, corrective action is taken.

Business rates, growth above baseline: The council currently benefits from the retention of some of its business rates growth which will be lost when business rate baselines are reset. In setting its budget in previous years the council has not relied on business rates growth to fund core services. However, for 2024/25 and future years, £1.5m of business growth will be used. This increases the risk of there being insufficient growth in year, particularly in the year of a reset. However, any shortfall could be from reserves, so this is not considered to be a risk to the council's financial sustainability.

Debt and reserves relative to income: The chart below shows the council's position relative to its CIPFA near neighbour authorities. It supports the view that the council has both manageable levels of debt and adequate reserves at this point in time.



Conclusion

With the exception of the second rent setting issue that is subject to further estimation work, I consider estimates for the financial year 2024/25 to be sufficiently robust and the financial reserves <u>up to 31 March 2025</u> to be adequate.

However, I draw attention to the high levels of savings that are required to ensure the council's future financial sustainability, and that

- the plans currently under development will not meet the savings requirement in full
- the delivery of these plans will be challenging
- difficult decisions will be necessary to achieve the required level of transformation and savings delivery

Caroline Ryba, Chief Financial Officer

Appendix A(a)- Calculation of council tax base 2024/25

	Council Tax Bands									
	A entitled to disabled relief reduction	A	В	с	D	E	F	G	H	Total
Dwellings on the valuation list	0	4,419	11,070	20,771	10,547	6,040	3,967	3,267	502	60,583
Dwellings treated as exempt	0	(1,355)	(635)	(1,034)	(841)	(508)	(345)	(401)	(174)	(5,293
Adjustments for	0	(2)	(20)	(63)	(38)	(20)	(14)	(20)	(1)	(178
disabled relief (i.e. reduced by one band)	2	20	63	38	20	14	20	1	0	178
Total chargeable dwellings	2	3,082	10,478	19,712	9,688	5,526	3,628	2,847	327	55,290
Where there is a liability to pay 100% council tax	1	1,143	4,256	12,536	6,740	4,113	2,850	2,336	287	34,262
That are assumed to be subject to a discount or premium	1	1,939	6,222	7,176	2,948	1,413	778	511	40	21,028
Dwelling										
Equivalents: Number of dwelling equivalents after applying discounts and premiums to calculate tax base	1.8	2,585.3	8,891	17,887.5	8,940.8	5,172.8	3,432.5	2,724.5	317	49,953
Ratio to Band D	5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	1	11/9	12/9	13/9	18/9	
Band D equivalents	1	1,723.5	6,915.2	15,900	8,940.8	6,322.3	4,958.1	4,540.8	634.0	49,935.3
Band D equivaler	nt contributions	for Govern	ment proper	ties						(
Allowance for Co	uncil Tax Suppo	ort								(4,283.7
Tax base after allo	owance for Co	uncil Tax Su	pport							45,652
	Add		Estimated	net growth ir	n tax base					432
Less Assumed loss on collection at 1.3%						(599				
Total Band D Equivalents – Tax base for Council Tax and Precept Setting Purposes							45,490			

Council Tax Setting 2024/25

- 1. The Council calculated its Council Tax Base 2024/25 for the whole Council area as **45,490** [Item T in the formula in Section 31B of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, as amended (the "Act")]
- 2. The Council calculates that the Council Tax requirement for the Council's own purposes for 2024/25 is £10,252,991.10.
- 3. That the following amounts be calculated for the year 2024/25 in accordance with Sections 31 to 36 of the Act:

(a)	£165,214,367	being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(2) of the Act
(b)	£154,961,375.90	being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(3) of the Act
(c)	£10,252,991.10	being the amount by which the aggregate at 3(a) above exceeds the aggregate at 3(b) above, calculated by the Council in accordance with Section 31A(4) of the Act as its Council Tax requirement for the year. [Item R in the formula in Section 31B of the Act]
(d)	£225.39	being the amount at 3(c) above (Item R), all divided by the amount at 1 above (Item T), calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 31B of the Act, as the basic amount of its Council Tax for the year.

4. To note that Cambridgeshire County Council, the Cambridgeshire Police & Crime Commissioner Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Fire Authority, and the Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority have issued precepts to the Council in accordance with Section 40 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 for each of the categories of dwellings in the Council's area as indicated in the table below. 5. That the Council, in accordance with Sections 30 and 36 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, hereby sets the aggregate amounts shown in the table below as the amounts of Council Tax for 2024/25 for each of the categories of dwellings in the Council's area.

Dwelling Band	City Council £	County Council £	Police & Crime Commissioner £	Fire Authority £	Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority £	Aggregate Council Tax £
А	150.26	1,080.01	191.64	54.87	24.0	1,500.78
В	175.30	1,260.01	223.58	64.02	28.0	1,750.91
С	200.35	1,440.01	255.52	73.16	32.0	2,001.04
D	225.39	1,620.01	287.46	82.31	36.0	2,251.17
Е	275.48	1,980.01	351.34	100.60	44.0	2,751.43
F	325.56	2,340.01	415.22	118.89	52.0	3,251.68
G	375.65	2,700.02	479.10	137.18	60.0	3,751.95
Н	450.78	3,240.02	574.92	164.62	72.0	4,502.34

6. The Council determines that, in accordance with Section 52ZB of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the basic amount of its council tax for 2024/25 is not excessive.

Summary of responses to public consultation on Cambridge City Council budget 2024/25

263 responses were received between 21 November 2023 and 14 January 2024.

5% (14 respondents) said that they responded on behalf of a business or community group.

Of those that provided information on sex as registered at birth, 47% (88 respondents) were female 49.9%, and 53% (99) respondents were male. This compares to 49.9% females and 50.1% males in the Cambridge population.

Ethnicity	Number of respondents	% respondents	% Cambridge population
White: British	139	82%	53%
White: Irish	5	3%	1%
White: Other	20	12%	20%
Asian or British Asian: Indian	2	1%	4%
Asian or British Asian: Chinese	3	2%	4%
Other	0	0%	18%
	169	100%	100%

169 respondents provided information on their ethnicity:

115 respondents provided information on their annual household income:

Annual household income	Number of respondents	Percentage	Households in Cambridge	Percentage
Less than £10,000	1	1%	1,198	3%
£10,000 to £19,999	6	5%	4,537	10%
£20,000 to £29,999	16	14%	5,959	13%
£30,000 to £39,999	13	11%	5,771	13%
£40,000 to £49,999	9	8%	5,715	13%
£50,000 to £59,999	13	11%	5,222	11%
£60,000 t0 £69,999	8	7%	4,133	9%
£70,000 to £79,999	7	6%	3,289	7%
£80,000 to £89,999	5	4%	3,087	7%
£90,000 to £99,999	8	7%	2,647	6%
Over £100,000	29	26%	3,875	8%

115	100%	45,433	100%
		,	

Survey response – Priorities for Cambridge

What do you think are the three most important priorities for Cambridge?

Multiple choice - choose many - required

Essential public services (for example, collecting household 22.6% (178 waste, street cleaning and planning applications) choices)

Affordable housing	15.3% (121 choices)
Congestion, greener transport and active travel	14.2% (112 choices)
Addressing poverty and inequality	10.8% (85 choices)
Climate change and biodiversity	9.9% (78 choices)
Ensuring people are safe and have equal access to opportunities and resources	8.5% (67 choices)
Local economy sustainable growth	8.5% (67 choices)
Homelessness	7.1% (56 choices)
Local skills	3.2% (25 choices)
-	

Suggestions for other priorities ("something else") included:

- A recurring theme across many responses is the need for improved transport infrastructure, with a particular emphasis on greener transport options and better cycling paths. However, there is also a significant call for maintaining and improving road conditions for cars, with numerous mentions of pothole repairs and concerns about the state of the roads.
- Another major concern is the preservation of green spaces and the environment, with residents advocating for **sustainability and biodiversity**.

There is a clear desire for the city to focus on climate change initiatives and to avoid actions that could harm existing natural areas.

- **Social issues** are also highlighted, with calls for better support for the least privileged, improvements in mental health support, and the provision of social housing. Anti-social behaviour and crime prevention are noted as areas needing attention.
- There is also a sentiment that the city should focus on **essential services and infrastructure**, with some responses indicating frustration with what is perceived as wasteful spending or a focus on less critical issues. The need for better healthcare facilities, such as more doctors' surgeries to accommodate a growing population, is also mentioned.
- Overall, residents are expressing a desire for a **balanced approach** to the city's development, one that promotes environmental sustainability, addresses social inequalities, and ensures the maintenance and improvement of essential infrastructure. They are looking for transparency and efficiency in the use of funds, with a focus on providing value for money and prioritizing the needs of the community.

Survey response - Highly valued services

Select the three top services that you value most

Parks, open spaces, trees and nature reserves	19.8% (156 choices)
Waste services (including recycling and green waste)	12.5% (99 choices)
Community safety (including preventing anti-social behaviour)	11.7% (92 choices)
Council houses and sheltered housing	8.2% (65 choices)
Street cleaning services	7.5% (59 choices)
Environmental health services (including licensing, air pollution, food safety standards in restaurants and st private rented housing)	
Cultural services (including the Corn Exchange and or events such as the Folk Festival and Fireworks Night)	
Community centres and community development	4.7% (37 choices)
Leisure services, including swimming pools	4.7% (37 choices)
Central market	4.1% (32 choices)
Housing advice and temporary accommodation for pe at risk of homelessness	choices)
Planning services (including planning applications, enforcement and local plan making)	3% (24 choices)
Benefits (including Housing Benefit and Council Tax reductions)	2.9% (23 choices)
Elections	2.5% (20 choices)
Car parks	2.4% (19 choices)
Crematorium and bereavement services	0.6% (5 choices)

Survey response – support for suggested budget proposals

Which of the potential budget proposals do you support?

Multiple choice - choose many - required

Rent out unused office space	22% (20	09 choices)
Support households in need impacted by the cost of living crisis	15.7% choice	
Review and merge services to improve efficiency	15.3% (14	45 choices)
Modernise and streamline operational services	14.5% (13	37 choices)
Improve the environmental performance of our buildings	13.9% (1 choices	
In collaboration with partners, reduce emissions from buildings and the wider city to reduce the city's carbo footprint		11.9% (113 choices)
Where possible, charge commercially for the provisio advice	n of ^{5.9%} choid	(56 ces)
None of the above	0.7%	(7 choices)

Respondents gave the following reasons for supporting suggested budget proposals:

- A recurring theme across many responses is the emphasis on improving **operational efficiency and effectiveness**, which is seen as a fundamental responsibility of the council. Residents suggest that the council should make better use of its assets, such as by renting out unused office space and believe that there is scope for streamlining services to save money.
- Environmental concerns are also prominent, with many responses highlighting the importance of improving the energy efficiency of buildings and taking action to reduce carbon emissions. This reflects a broader desire for the council to lead by example in addressing the climate emergency.
- **Support for households in need** is another key issue, with residents recognizing the importance of helping those most affected by the cost of living

crisis. There is a sense that the council should prioritize assistance for vulnerable populations, ensuring that everyone can afford basic necessities like food and heating.

- **Income generation** is also mentioned, with suggestions to charge for certain types of advice and to explore other revenue streams to balance the budget. This is seen as a way to maintain or improve service provision without solely relying on cuts or increased taxation.
- Overall, the responses indicate a desire for the council to be proactive in finding savings and generating income, while also being socially responsible and environmentally conscious. Residents expect the council to manage resources wisely, support those in need, and take meaningful action on climate change.

Survey response – opposition to suggested budget proposals

Are there any potential budget proposals that you oppose?

Multiple choice - choose many - required

None of the above	28.1% (10	03 choices)
Where possible, charge commercially for the provisio of advice	n 25.3% choice	
In collaboration with partners, reduce emissions from buildings and the wider city to reduce the city's carbo footprint		13.1% (48 choices)
Review and merge services to improve efficiency	11.2% (41 choices)
Support households in need impacted by the cost of l crisis		(33 ices)
Modernise and streamline operational services	6.5% (2	24 choices)
Improve the environmental performance of our buildings	5.7% (choice	
Rent out unused office space	1.1%	(4 choices)

Respondents gave the following reasons for opposing suggested budget proposals:

- A common theme among many respondents is a **lack of opposition to the proposals** presented. However, there are concerns about the potential negative impacts of merging services and modernising operations, with some residents fearing that this could lead to reduced or poorer services.
- Several respondents are opposed to the idea of **charging for advice**, arguing that it could disadvantage those who are unable to afford it. The sentiment that council services should be free at the point of contact is echoed by others.
- There is also a notable scepticism regarding the **effectiveness of environmental initiatives**, with some respondents questioning the impact of such measures and suggesting alternative approaches like planting trees.

Concerns about the cost-of-living crisis and the need for the council to focus on more pressing issues, such as housing and homelessness, are also prevalent.

- A few responses suggest that the council should avoid reducing the quality of services and protect jobs. Additionally, there is a call for more **transparency and accountability in council spending**, with some residents expressing distrust in the council's ability to manage funds effectively.
- Overall, while there is a general lack of opposition to the proposals, residents have expressed concerns about the **potential for reduced service quality**, the affordability of advice, the prioritization of environmental initiatives over more immediate social issues, and the need for greater efficiency and transparency in council operations.

Survey responses – Options to balance the budget over the next five years

Using digital technology and providing more services online, whilst maintaining face-to-face support only where it is needed

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Agree	36.5% (96 choices)
	25.9% (68 choices)
Strongly agree	25.3% (66 choices)
Disagree	16.3% (43 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	14.8% (39 choices)
Strongly disagree	6.5% (17 choices)

Increasing co-operation and co-delivery of services by working with local communities and voluntary sector organisations to design and deliver services

Agree	45.6% (120 choices)
Strongly agree	25.9% (68 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	18.6% (49 choices)
Disagree	7.2% (19 choices)
Strongly disagree	2.7% (7 choices)

Working collaboratively with local partner organisations, including businesses, universities and statutory partners such as Cambridgeshire County Council, NHS, police and other public bodies

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Strongly agree	43% (113 choices)
Agree	42.2% (111 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	9.1% (24 choices)
Disagree	3.8% (10 choices)
Strongly disagree	1.9% (5 choices)
•	

Working with neighbouring councils to deliver additional shared services to help save money and become more efficient

Agree	44.5% (117 choices)
Strongly agree	32.7% (86 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	13.3% (35 choices)
Disagree	6.8% (18 choices)
Strongly disagree	2.7% (7 choices)

Stop delivering services that have a less direct impact on residents' quality of life

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Neither agree nor disagree	36.5% (96 choices)
Agree	27% (71 choices)
Disagree	18.6% (49 choices)
Strongly agree	14.4% (38 choices)
Strongly disagree	3.4% (9 choices)

Continue delivering existing services, but do some things to a reduced specification or frequency (for example grass cutting, street cleansing)

Disagree	32.3% (85 choices)
Agree	26.2% (69 choices)
Strongly disagree	18.6% (49 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	17.9% (47 choices)
Strongly agree	4.9% (13 choices)

Reduce capital spending on physical assets and 'street scene' projects in the city (for example, park, playgrounds and street furniture)

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Disagree	33.1% (87 choices)
Strongly disagree	20.5% (54 choices)
Agree	20.5% (54 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	16.3% (43 choices)
Strongly agree	9.5% (25 choices)

Increase fees and charges for some services (the council currently charges for parking, planning applications, inspections, hire of buildings and open spaces etc. and may consider introducing charges for some additional services)

Agree36.1% (95 choices)Disagree17.5% (46 choices)Neither agree nor disagree16.3% (43 choices)Strongly agree15.2% (40 choices)Strongly disagree14.8% (39 choices)

Seek to increase income from the commercial properties through redevelopment and refurbishment

Multiple choice - choose one - required

Agree	41.1% (108 choices)
Strongly agree	37.3% (98 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	15.2% (40 choices)
Disagree	4.2% (11 choices)
Strongly disagree	2.3% (6 choices)

Sell underused buildings and assets or let them out to generate additional income

Strongly agree	44.9% (118 choices)
Agree	41.8% (110 choices)
Neither agree nor disagree	9.1% (24 choices)
Disagree	2.7% (7 choices)
Strongly disagree	1.5% (4 choices)

Survey response – Council tax options

Bearing in mind the need to find £2.3m to balance next year's budget, which of the following options do you support?

Multiple choice - choose many - required	
Increase Council Tax by 2.99%	33.9% (98 choices)
Increase by more than 2.99%	21.1% (61 choices)
Keep Council Tax the same	20.1% (58 choices)
Reduce Council Tax	14.9% (43 choices)
Increase Council Tax by less than 2.99%	10% (29 choices)

Respondents provided the following reasons for choosing these options:

- A common theme across many responses is the recognition of the need for increased funding to maintain and improve city services, balanced against the impact of higher taxes on residents during a time of economic strain and rising living costs.
- Many respondents support a moderate increase in council tax, suggesting that a rise of up to 2.99% is a compromise that would provide additional funds without triggering the need for a costly and potentially divisive referendum. This sentiment is echoed by those who believe that the city appears shabby and that services should not be reduced further.
- A significant number of participants express concern about the **financial burden of Council Tax on residents**, especially given the current cost of living crisis. Some suggest that the council should focus on **cost reductions and efficiencies** and question the value for money of current services.
- Some responses indicate a willingness to pay more if it ensures the preservation of essential services and improvements in the city.
- A few respondents propose that the council explore **alternative revenue streams**, such as charging for services or renting out assets, rather than selling them. Concerns about the efficiency of the council and the need for better management of funds are also mentioned.
- Overall, while there is a general acceptance that some increase in council tax may be necessary, there is a strong call for the council to ensure that any additional funds are used effectively and that the financial burden on residents is kept to a minimum. The need for targeted support for those on

low incomes and the desire for greater transparency and accountability in council spending are also emphasized.

Expenditure and Funding 2022/23 to 2032/33

Appendix C

Description / £'000s	2023/24 Current	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Expenditure											
The Leader	5,722	5,821	5,756	5,904	6,056	6,210	6,337	6,468	6,602	6,740	6,880
Finance and Resources	(6,976)	(2,975)	(2,254)	(3,245)	(3,141)	(3,431)	(3,683)	(4,329)	(4,605)	(4,972)	(4,986)
Community Wealth Building and	1,376	1,041	1,035	1,063	1,091	984	989	994	999	1,004	1,009
Community Safety											
Housing General Fund	4,130	4,223	4,322	4,463	4,603	4,728	4,803	4,879	4,957	5,036	5,118
Climate Action and Environment	4,530	4,832	4,805	4,888	4,949	5,011	5,069	5,128	5,188	5,250	5,313
Open Spaces and City Services	3,909	4,671	4,876	5,235	5,567	5,856	6,002	6,153	6,307	6,465	6,626
Planning, Building Control and	2,153	2,170	2,213	2,256	2,301	2,346	2,393	2,441	2,491	2,541	2,592
Infrastructure											
Communities	7,945	7,776	7,962	8,152	8,337	8,504	8,557	8,612	8,669	8,727	8,786
Revised net savings requirement	0	0	(1,852)	(6,244)	(8,161)	(9,466)	(9,466)	(9,466)	(9,466)	(9,466)	(9,466)
Net service budgets	22,789	27,559	26,862	22,471	21,602	20,742	21,001	20,880	21,141	21,323	21,872
Capital accounting adjustments	(5,972)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)	(5,997)
Capital expenditure financed from revenue	2,969	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost of revised capital financing strategy	279	41	392	1,706	3,054	4,359	4,606	5,202	5,465	5,781	5,717
Collection fund deficit	0	1,114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contributions to earmarked funds	6,187	21,319	396	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743
Net spending requirement	26,251	44,166	21,652	19,923	20,401	20,846	21,353	21,827	22,351	22,850	23,335
Description / £'000s	2023/24 Current	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Funded by:											
Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA)	(4,591)	(4,853)	(4,938)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)	(7,310)
Locally Retained Business Rates – Growth Element/additional income	(7,400)	(5,313)	(5,414)	(3,762)	(4,389)	(5,053)	(5,053)	(5,053)	(5,053)	(5,053)	(5,053)
Core Funding Grants	(4,634)	(3,180)	(4,564)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Homes Bonus (NHB)	(54)	(1,733)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collection Fund Surplus	(3,858)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Appropriations from earmarked funds	(864)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Council Tax	(9,813)	(10,253)	(10,651)	(11,113)	(11,591)	(12,036)	(12,543)	(13,017)	(13,541)	(14,040)	(14,525)
Contributions to / (from) reserves	4,961	(18,834)	3,914	2,262	2,889	3,553	3,553	3,553	3,553	3,553	3,553
Total funding	(26,251)	(44,166)	(21,652)	(19,922)	(20,401)	(20,846)	(21,353)	(21,827)	(22,351)	(22,850)	(23,335)

Bids and Savings by Portfolio

Appendix D(a)

The Leader

£'00	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24	10,952,830	(5,231,040)	5,721,790
Changes	(1,049,780)	1,149,190	99,410
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹	9,903,050	(4,081,850)	5,821,200

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Revenue	Bids					
B5228	Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge programme	50,000	0	0	0	0

Finance and Resources Portfolio

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		59,979,920	(66,955,480)	(6,975,560)
Changes		(1,953,511)	5,954,360	4,000,849
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		58,026,409	(61,001,120)	(2,974,711)
4. The charge is the nortfolic charge reflect the prepared listed heles.	and small and a thread to also be a	La Printer and a second	have to flatters	

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Reduced In	come					
RI5156	Reductions in Income Relating to Housing Benefit	87,000	0	0	0	0
Revenue Bi	ds					
B5155	Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall	50,000	0	0	0	0
Savings						
S5205	Central Provision Review	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)
Increased I						
ll5154	increased Commercial Property	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
115161	Guildhall - Income from letting of Ground Floor	(40,000)	(80,000)	0	0	0
115162	Guildhall - Income from letting of Fourth Floor	(40,000)	(50,000)	0	0	0
115220	Additional income for increased HRA use of Mandela House	(93,410)	(93,410)	(93,410)	(93,410)	(93,410)
Capital Bids	6					
CAP5197	The Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN) Switch Off	30,000	0	0	0	0

Community Wealth Building and Community Safety

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		2,171,830	(796,320)	1,375,510
Changes		(244,250)	(90,050)	(334,300)
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		1,927,580	(886,370)	1,041,210
1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below	as well as other technical	adiustments. suc	h as inflation.	

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Revenue	lids					
B5249	Anti-Social Behaviour Team	33,000	0	0	0	0
Savings						
S5227	Realignment of CCTV base budget	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)

Housing (GF) Portfolio

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		9,300,680	(5,170,580)	4,130,100
Changes		726,700	(633,910)	92,790
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		10,027,380	(5,804,490)	4,222,890
1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below:	s well as other technical	adjustments suc	h as inflation	

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Revenue Bi	ds					
B5178	Increased budget for Bed and Breakfast	67,570	0	0	0	0
B5230	Building retrofit installation, capacity building and feasibility study.	25,000	0	0	0	0
Capital Bid	5					
CAP5243	Development of the Civic Quarter	1,000,000	0	0	0	0

Climate Action and Environment

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		11,583,930	(7,053,640)	4,530,290
Changes		280,950	20,250	301,200
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		11,864,880	(7,033,390)	4,831,490

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Revenue Bi	ds					
B5225	Waste Combined Proposal	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000
Capital Bids						
CAP5210	Refuse Collection Vehicles - Growth	220,000	0	0	0	0

Open Spaces and City Services

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		17,550,950	(13,642,490)	3,908,460
Changes		461,710	300,910	762,620
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		18,012,660	(13,341,580)	4,671,080

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio £	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Reduced Inc	come					
RI5223	Reduced Income - City Services	675,000	650,000	650,000	650,000	650,000
Savings						
S5224	Savings - City Services	(644,220)	(443,560)	(443,560)	(443,560)	(443,560)
Increased Ir	ncome					
115222	City Services Increased Income	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)
Capital Bids						
CAP5175	Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park	180,000	0	0	0	0
CAP5201	New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy	180,000	0	0	0	0
CAP5229	Skating and street sport facilities, match funding	25,000	0	0	0	0
CAP5248	River bank Repairs	250,000	0	0	0	0

Planning, Building Control and Infrastructure

	£'000	Expenditure	Income	Net
Current Portfolio Budget 2023/24		4,948,030	(2,795,080)	2,152,950
Changes		(100,800)	117,830	17,030
Proposed Portfolio Budget 2024/25 ¹		4,847,230	(2,677,250)	2,169,980

1 The changes in the portfolio above reflect the proposals listed below as well as other technical adjustments, such as inflation.

	Budget Proposals for the portfolio f	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Revenue B	ds					
B5219	Shared Planning Service - Budgeted Contribution Alignment	116,000	116,000	116,000	116,000	116,000
Savings						
S5242	Removal of Bus Subsidy Budget	(102,600)	(102,600)	(102,600)	(102,600)	(102,600)
Capital Bid	5					
CAP5164	Minor Highways Improvements	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	0

Reference	Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings Contact
Reduced	Income							
RI5156	Reductions in Income Relating to Housing Benefit	87,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	Hig Positiv
The continue	ed rollout of Universal Credit		-				-	Impa
The continue from legacy l greater numl to reflect low £237,076 in 2 housing bene the current in therefore £8		uring 2023/2 ean that the that the Adr reducing he as there wi to £180,000 L1083 £45k &	2024. This ma DWP will be nin Support G Dusing benefi Il be fewer de . The total im	naged migrat reducing the Grant may red t payments, t ebts being cre pact of the U	ion will increa Housing Bene uce from £27 he income de ated. It is anti	ase during 20 fit Admin Su 9,076 in 202 rived from re cipated that	024/2025 with pport Grant 3/2024 to ecovery of this could see	Impa Naon Armstror

Open Spaces and City Services

Total Reduced Income	762,000	650,000	650,000	650,000	650,000
	- /	,		,	,

achievable target while ensuring that the service still contributes positively to the general fund.

reduction is proposed. The proposed reduction in the market income budget provides a stretched but realistically

Referer	ice Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
Reven	ue Bids							
B5155	Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall	50,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	Higl Positiv Impac
Discretio	nary Housing Payments are a cru						-	
benefit o at £138,2 governm homeless Governm	r Universal Credit and their eligib 217 per year and spend during 20 ent allocation; supporting claima sness prevention funding set up s ent funding for Discretionary Ho Resources and Transformation P	022/2023 wa ants impacted several years ousing Payme	s £158,737. C d by welfare r ago plus bids	ambridge City eforms and h over the pas	as previously t few years to	relied on ad top up awa	t all of its Iditional Irds.	
benefit o at £138,2 governm homeless Governm	217 per year and spend during 20 ent allocation; supporting claima sness prevention funding set up s ent funding for Discretionary Ho	022/2023 wa ants impacted several years ousing Payme	s £158,737. C d by welfare r ago plus bids	ambridge City eforms and h over the pas	as previously t few years to	relied on ad top up awa	t all of its Iditional Irds.	Naom Armstrong Low Positive Impac
benefit o at £138,2 governm homeless Governm Finance, B5178 Bed and remain a to increa	217 per year and spend during 20 ent allocation; supporting claima sness prevention funding set up s ent funding for Discretionary Ho Resources and Transformation P Increased budget for Bed and Breakfast Breakfast costs have significantly cute, and whilst we continue to s se the budget in order to provide	022/2023 wa ants impacted several years ousing Payme ortfolio 67,570 v exceeded th seek settled l	s £158,737. C d by welfare r ago plus bids ents is not ma 0 ne budget for housing for ho	ambridge City eforms and h over the pas de until close 0 the last few y	as previously t few years to to the start o 0 years. Housing	relied on ad o top up awa f each finan 0 g pressures o	t all of its Iditional ords. cial year. Nil	Armstrong Low Positive Impac
benefit o at £138,2 governm homeless Governm Finance, B5178 Bed and remain a to increa	217 per year and spend during 20 ent allocation; supporting claima sness prevention funding set up s ent funding for Discretionary Ho Resources and Transformation P Increased budget for Bed and Breakfast Breakfast costs have significantly cute, and whilst we continue to s	022/2023 wa ants impacted several years ousing Payme ortfolio 67,570 v exceeded th seek settled l	s £158,737. C d by welfare r ago plus bids ents is not ma 0 ne budget for housing for ho	ambridge City eforms and h over the pas de until close 0 the last few y	as previously t few years to to the start o 0 years. Housing	relied on ad o top up awa f each finan 0 g pressures o	t all of its Iditional ords. cial year. Nil	Armstrong Low Positive Impac

from differences between SCDC budgeted employee costs and inflation assumptions used within the City's MTFS. The overall pressure for the whole service totals £750k of which £253k has been found from secured external funding. The remaining pressure has been split between SCDC and the City on a 62/38 ratio. In addition, there is a small shortfall of £16k arising from one off previously approved bids by the City which have been incorporated into the shared service base budget. Following the Autumn Statement, which announced funding to support the government's "Cambridge 2040" initiative, the service now expects to achieve an increase in net income of £240k, with £90k of this being attributable to the city council. These amounts reflect current understanding of the requirements of Cambridge 2040 and will be subject to review in future years. Overall, the net increase required to align the council's budgeted contribution to the shared service is £116k.

Planning, Building Control and Infrastructure

Stephen

Kelly

Referen	ice Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
B5225	Waste Combined Proposal	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000	Nil	No Impact
2024-202 incremen after star figures ar one vehic welfare a Service PI will also e proposed customer		elated to a co ding to conti and additiona ts and surplu n property gr xpected stan an ongoing l be generate	ombination of nue for the s al surplus from uses for the C owth. 1 FTE a dards in line ack of officer d by GCSW vi	f new 5 FTE p mall electroni n commercial ity. GCSW req additional Ref with the Cour capacity to fu a the Planning	osts (£131k), c and electric waste service uire 3 FTE add use Team Ma ncils' values ar ully address he g application	pressure aris al waste recy e (-£40k). All ditional Refu nager will er nd visions. 1 ousing growt advice proce	sing from pay ycling scheme the above use Crews (for nsure staff FTE Waste th. The post ess. Adding	Bode Esar
Climate A	Action and Environment							
	Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge programme	50,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impact
B5228 The City C with key I 11 Oct, Ir which cou internatic promote with Man	Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge	d with the de rs, and the U 6m budget o nprove gover projects with n, and comm	evelopment or niversities. Fo over the next rnance of the local partner nunity project	f Innovate Car blowing the s 3 years to co- Cambridge ir s to improve o s 3) follow th	mbridge - a cr uccessful con ordinate a pro novation clus environmenta rough on the	oss sector pa ference at th ogramme of ster to sustai al and climate innovation p	artnership ne Guildhall on local activity, n its e actions, partnership	No Impact Robert Pollock
B5228 The City C with key I 11 Oct, Ir which cou internatic promote with Man	Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge programme Council has been closely involved businesses, researchers, investo nnovate Cambridge is raising c.£ uld involve the City Council; 1) ir onal competitiveness 2) deliver p workforce diversity and inclusio nchester and develop new partne programme.	d with the de rs, and the U 6m budget o nprove gover projects with n, and comm	evelopment or niversities. Fo over the next rnance of the local partner nunity project	f Innovate Car blowing the s 3 years to co- Cambridge ir s to improve o s 3) follow th	mbridge - a cr uccessful con ordinate a pro novation clus environmenta rough on the	oss sector pa ference at th ogramme of ster to sustai al and climate innovation p	artnership ne Guildhall on local activity, n its e actions, partnership	Robert

The Council is engaged in projects to retrofit buildings for improved energy efficiency (council homes, administrative buildings, commercial properties and grant funded private sector homes). The current market conditions are not enabling the scale of retrofit delivery required, nor under the current conditions is the supply side market growing. We seek funding to undertake a detailed market assessment enabling wider considerations around developing operational capability to support growth of retrofit delivery in the Cambridge area.

Housing and Homelessness

024/25 Budget – GF Proposals – Pressures and Bids								
Reference	e Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings 8 Contact
B5249	Anti-Social Behaviour Team	33,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impact

To meet the Council's statutory duties related to crime (including violence and domestic abuse (DA)) and anti-social behaviour (ASB). These include the Council's ASB service standards, policies and procedures and upcoming Registered Social Landlord Consumer Standards related to ASB and DA. Funding requirements are to cover a Government grant shortfall for a Specialist Housing Officer (Domestic Abuse) and a new ASB Officer post with responsibility for handling the ASB caseload, which has risen from 523 to 815 cases in the last 5 years.

Keryn Jalli

Community Wealth Building and Community Safety

Pressures & Bids Total:	1,337,570	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total Revenue Bids	575,570	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000

Appendix D (c)

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17/1/75						App	endix L	
/24/23	5 Budget – GF Prop	osals – Sa	avings					
Referen	ce Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
Saving	S							
\$5205	Central Provision Review	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)	(370,000)	Nil	No Impact
this code	centre is used primarily for adj will vary from year to year. Thi Resources and Transformation	s saving relate	• •	-	•			Karen Whyati
\$5224	Savings - City Services	(644,220)	(443,560)	(443,560)	(443,560)	(443,560)	Nil	No Impact
positions,	, and the implementation of a r	iew city servic	es ivialiagelli					
	ces and City Services Realignment of CCTV base	(55.000)				(55.000)	Nil	No Impac
Open Spa S5227		(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)	Nil	No Impact
S5227 To align t	Realignment of CCTV base		(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)			
S5227 To align ti service de	Realignment of CCTV base budget he shared service contribution	budget for CC	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)			No Impact
S5227 To align ti service de	Realignment of CCTV base budget he shared service contribution elivery are not impacted.	budget for CC	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,000)			James Elms
S5227 To align ti service de Communi S5242 Removal (CPCA) to	Realignment of CCTV base budget he shared service contribution elivery are not impacted. ity Wealth Building and Commu Removal of Bus Subsidy	budget for CC unity Safety (102,600) ng agreement w nding these bu	(55,000) TV, following (102,600) with the Caml s routes with	(55,000) a reallocatior (102,600) pridgeshire ar	(55,000) n of costs betw (102,600) nd Peterborou	ween partne (102,600) ugh Combine	rs. Levels of Nil	
S5227 To align ti service de Communi S5242 Removal (CPCA) to approval	Realignment of CCTV base budget he shared service contribution elivery are not impacted. ity Wealth Building and Commu Removal of Bus Subsidy Budget of bus subsidy budget, followin take over responsibility for fur	budget for CC unity Safety (102,600) ng agreement w nding these bu rocess in Janua	(55,000) TV, following (102,600) with the Caml s routes with	(55,000) a reallocatior (102,600) pridgeshire ar	(55,000) n of costs betw (102,600) nd Peterborou	ween partne (102,600) ugh Combine	rs. Levels of Nil	James Elma

Total Savings	(1,171,820)	(971,160)	(971,160)	(971,160)	(971,160)

Appendix D (c)

2024/25 Budget – GF Proposals – Savings

	ce Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
Increas	ed Income							
115154	Increased Commercial Property income from financial year 2024/25 onwards.	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	Nil	No Impac
	additional net income from th and lettings on the existing cc		-		ng expected r	ent reviews,	lease	Philip Doggett
Finance. F	Resources and Transformatior	n Portfolio						
	Guildhall - Income from letting of Ground Floor	(40,000)	(80,000)	0	0	0	Nil	No Impac
115161							Nil	
ll5161 Increase i	letting of Ground Floor	nt previously for					Nil	No Impact Will Barfield
ll5161 Increase i	letting of Ground Floor n net income from the amour	nt previously for					Nil	Will Barfield
II5161 Increase i Finance, F II5162	letting of Ground Floor n net income from the amour Resources and Transformatior Guildhall - Income from	nt previously for Portfolio (40,000)	recast due to (50,000)	longer letting	g period to 31	/3/2026.		
II5161 Increase i Finance, F II5162 Increase i	letting of Ground Floor n net income from the amour Resources and Transformatior Guildhall - Income from letting of Fourth Floor	nt previously for Portfolio (40,000) ng of the fourth	recast due to (50,000)	longer letting	g period to 31	/3/2026.		Will Barfield

HRA funded staff. This proposal reflects the increased income to the GF for the use of that accomodation. [Linked with HRA II5171]

Finance, Resources and Transformation Portfolio

Appendix D (c)

2024/25 Budget – GF Proposals – Savings

Referen	ce Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
115222	City Services Increased Income	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	Nil	No Impact

A review of income budgets has identified several opportunities for income growth. These include Streets and Open Spaces car parking revenue, the introduction of new allotment plots in growth sites, an adjustment of lettings and James Elms events fees and charges to align with market rates and the exploration of new opportunities for event income.

Open Spaces and City Services

Total Increased Income	(309,410)	(359,410)	(229,410)	(229,410)	(229,410)
Savings Total:	(1,481,230)	(1,330,570)	(1,200,570)	(1,200,570)	(1,200,570)

Appendix E (a)

Referenc	e Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
Capital	Bids							
CAP5164	Minor Highways Improvements	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	0	Nil	No Impac
last five ye remainder Cambridge traffic resti	il contribution towards the Co ars the Council has contribute funded by the County Council highway network, including ju rictions – with schemes priorit dressing ongoing difficulties in	d just under 2 . This program unction and p ised on the b	20% towards mme funds m bath improver basis of their c	the costs of ir inor to mediu nents, crossin ontributions t	nprovements im sized impro igs, speed lim	in the city, vovements to its and parki	with the the ng and other	Joh Richard
Planning, B	Building Control and Infrastruc	ture						
CAP5175	Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park	180,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impac
Addressing	; Health and safety and fire sa	fety assessme	ent recomme	ndations at th	e Grand Arca	de car park.		Sean Clear
Open Spac	es and City Services							
· ·	es and City Services The Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN) Switch Off	30,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impac
CAP5197 The Public moved to a	The Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN)	STN) will clos s Internet Pro	e in Decembe otocol (IP) acr	er 2025. By the	en, every pho sed service. T	ne line in th hese change	e UK will have es mean we	No Impac Michell Lor
CAP5197 The Public moved to a need to up	The Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN) Switch Off Switch Telephone Network (P a fully digital network that use	STN) will clos s Internet Pro larms, lifts, to	e in Decembe otocol (IP) acr	er 2025. By the	en, every pho sed service. T	ne line in th hese change	e UK will have es mean we	Michell

sustainable weed control method available to remove the need to use herbicides on highway verges, roads, and pavements. This equipment is also expected to reduce the risk of repetitive strain injury to operatives and to provide opportunities for income generation.

Open Spaces and City Services

Appendix E (a)

2024/25 Budget – GF Proposals – Capital Proposals

Referenc	e Item Description	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £	2028/29 Budget £	Climate Rating	Poverty Ratings & Contact
CAP5210	Refuse Collection Vehicles - Growth	220,000	0	0	0	0	Positive/Me dium Impact	No Impact

Two additional vehicles are required due to growth of 15000 properties in the GCSWS area and the changes to collection rounds. Cost £440k for the two vehicles to be split 50/50 between the City and SCDC. Both vehicles will run on Hydrotreated Vegetable Oil (HVO) because currently no appropriate charging station is available for the electric vehicle. Using HVO fuel will ensure we meet the Council's objectives of reducing CO2.Greater Cambridge Shared Waste Services communicated this plan with the City's Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee in July 2023 that this investment is necessary for route optimisation and the future of waste collections.

Climate Action and Environment

CAP5229	Skating and street sport facilities, match funding	25,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impact
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A match funding contribution to financially support (in part) and therefore enable the development and delivery of skating and street sport facilities in the city also capable of attracting other finance sourced through other means such as grants, sponsorship, and crowd funding.

Open Spaces and City Services

CAP5243	Development of the Civic Quarter	1,000,000	0	0	0	0	Nil	No Impact
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£1.00m is requested to procure design and consultancy services to deliver RIBA stage 2 designs for the Guildhall, as described in the report to Strategy and Resources Committee on 15 January 2024 (presented alongside this report on budget proposals). This scheme is to be funded with £1.00m from the Civic Quarter Development Reserve (see Section 5).

Housing and Homelessness

CAP5248	River bank Repairs	250,000	0	0	0	0	Positive/Hig h Impact	No Impact
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This bid for is in addition to the 2023 approved capital bid to explore viable repair options to the river Cam bankAnthonybetween the Jesus Green lock and the lido, which has now considerably moved resulting in gaps and instability of the
bank, for which the Council is the riparian owner. An indicative figure estimated in the region of £250k is required in
addition to the original £125k allocation to secure the full scope of works now identified as Phase 2 of the project.Anthony

Open Spaces and City Services

Total Capital Bids	1,920,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	0
Capital Total:	1,920,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	0

Appendix E(b): Approvals since MTFS October 2023

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
Capital-	GF Projects							
SC741	S106 Nightingale Rec Ground pavilion	l Ross	10	0	0	0	0	0
SC854	S106 Jesus Green Lido: improved lighting	l Ross	36	0	0	0	0	0
SC855	S106 Nightingale Ave Pavilion furnishings	l Ross	18	0	0	0	0	0
SC856	S106 Chesterton Rec pavilion additional equipment	l Ross	18	0	0	0	0	0
SC857	S106 Basketball court improvements	l Ross	7	0	0	0	0	0
SC858	S106 Football goal improvements at Ch Hinton, etc	l Ross	14	0	0	0	0	0
SC859	S106 Netherhall gym grant to Cmabridge Dive	l Ross	9	0	0	0	0	0
SC860	S106 Parkside pool new competition lane ropes	l Ross	12	0	0	0	0	0
SC861	S106 Parkside pool grant to City Swimming Club	l Ross	5	0	0	0	0	0
SC862	S106 The Meadows Community Centre	l Ross	9	0	0	0	0	0
SC853	New EV vehicle to maintain growth sites	A Wilson	31	0	0	0	0	0
Capital-C	GF Projects (S106-financed)	1	169	0	0	0	0	0
SC863	UTCF treeing up deprived neighbourhood	M Magrath	33	23	23	24	103	0
SC864	Coronation Living Heritage Fund	M Magrath	7	7	0	0	0	0
SC867	LATF R3 grant from Forestry Commission	M Magrath	26	19	19	18	0	0
SC868	SPF-UK Green Business Grants	J Little	106	206	0	0	0	0
Capital-0	SF Projects (grant financed)		172	255	42	42	0	0
Total app	proved since MTFS November 2023		341	255	42	42	0	0

Appendix E(c): Capital Plan 2023/24 to 2028/29

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
Capital-	GF Projects							
PR032w	S106 Accordia open space improvements - hedge-planting and landscaping	A French	3	0	0	0	0	0
SC778	S106 Jesus Green ditch biodiversity improvements	A Wilson	6	0	0	0	0	0
SC785	S106 The Art of Play	N Black	3	0	0	0	0	C
SC590	Structural Holding Repairs & Lift Refurbishment - Car Parks	S Cleary	199	0	0	0	0	0
SC627	Guildhall Large Hall Windows refurbishment	W Barfield	101	0	0	0	0	С
SC644	Acquisition of land adjacent to Huntingdon Road Crematorium	G Theobald	36	0	0	0	0	0
SC645	Electric vehicle charging points - taxis	J Dicks	86	0	0	0	0	0
SC651	Shared ICT waste management software - Alloy/Yotta	J Ogle	75	0	0	0	0	0
SC654	Redevelopment of Silver Street Toilets	D O'Halloran	589	0	0	0	0	C
SC678	Crematorium - additional car park	G Theobald	338	0	0	0	0	0
SC679	Crematorium - cafe facilities	G Theobald	283	0	0	0	0	0
SC684	Property Management software	P Doggett	42	0	0	0	0	C
SC688	Environmental Health software	Y O'Donnell	23	0	0	0	0	C
SC689	Income management software	C Norman	52	0	0	0	0	C
SC690	Secure phone payments	C Norman	24	0	0	0	0	C
SC692	Cromwell Road Redevelopment (GF)	M Wilson	160	0	0	0	0	C
SC694	Meadows Community Hub and Buchan St retail outlet	J Smith	263	0	0	0	0	C
SC695	Cromwell Road Redevelopment - equity loan to CIP	C Ryba	5,350	0	0	0	0	C
SC696	Cromwell Road Redevelopment - development loan to CIP	C Ryba	4,600	0	0	0	0	C
SC708	Replacement plantroom at Jesus Green outdoor pool	l Ross	140	0	0	0	0	C
SC712	Automation of Bishops Mill sluice gate	A Wilson	90	0	0	0	0	(
SC713	Replacement air quality monitoring equipment	J Smith	200	0	0	0	0	C
SC714	Changing Places toilets	J Parrott	100	0	0	0	0	C
SC715	Additional refuse vehicle for property growth shared with SCDC	B Esan	420	0	0	0	0	C
SC724	Residential electric charging points	J Dicks	60	0	0	0	0	C
SC727	Logan's Meadow vehicular access	G Belcher	293	0	0	0	0	C
SC731	Cambridge Food Hub	V Haywood	100	0	0	0	0	C

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
SC732	Park Street car park development	F Bryant	11,295	65,081	0	0	0	0
SC739	S106 Abbey Pool improvements	l Ross	27	0	0	0	0	0
SC741	S106 Nightingale Rec Ground pavilion	l Ross	218	0	0	0	0	0
SC752	S106 Byron's Pool ecological mitigations	G Belcher	165	13	0	0	0	0
SC753	S106 Nine Wells ecological mitigations	G Belcher	68	5	10	0	0	0
SC754	Cambridge Corn Exchange - infrastructure improvements and upgrades	F Alderton	462	0	0	0	0	0
SC756	EV infrastructure at the Cambridge City Council depot	S Cleary	57	0	0	0	0	0
SC758	Charging infrastructure for electric vehicles - Cambridge City council only	B Esan	50	0	0	0	0	0
SC759	Creation of a new boat pumping station at Stourbridge Common	A Wilson	60	0	0	0	0	0
SC760	Investment programme for public toilet re- purposed property asset	A French	532	0	0	0	0	0
SC761	Installation of cattle ramp on Midsummer Common	A Wilson	44	0	0	0	0	0
SC764	Environmental Improvements Programme (EIP) options	A Wilson	505	0	0	0	0	0
SC765	Introduction of car parking charges at Cherry Hinton Hall	A French	19	0	0	0	0	0
SC768	Extend data capacity in shared data centre	M Lord	11	0	0	0	0	0
SC769	Network equipment refresh	M Lord	65	0	0	0	0	0
SC772	Market Square project	S French	214	0	0	0	0	0
SC773	Colville Rd Phase 3 - replacement of commercial units	C Mitchel	427	0	0	0	0	0
SC776	BEIS grant for Parkside pools decarbonisation works	l Ross	62	0	0	0	0	0
SC777	BEIS grant for Abbey pool decarbonisation works	l Ross	28	0	0	0	0	0
SC779	Parker's Piece tree planting	M Magrath	2	0	0	0	0	0
SC780	S106 Darwin Green community centre equipment and furnishings	V Haywood	11	0	0	0	0	0
SC791	S106 Coldhams Common BMX track	D O'Halloran	76	0	0	0	0	0
SC793	Sustainable Warmth Grant - Local Authority Delivery Phase 3	J Smith	612	0	0	0	0	0
SC794	Sustainable Warmth Grant - Home Upgrade Grant	J Smith	1,047	0	0	0	0	0
SC795	CHUB - community extension to Cherry Hinton library	A Conder	1,731	0	0	0	0	0
SC796	Building Control software	H Jones	120	0	0	0	0	0
SC797	Waste - electric replacement vehicles	B Esan	970	0	0	0	0	0
SC799	Closed churchyard wall repairs	A French	63	0	0	0	0	0

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
SC800	[COMPLETED] New vehicle to support S&OS Assets multi skilled operatives	J Parrott	55	0	0	0	0	0
SC801	Replacement vehicle lift	D Cox	40	0	0	0	0	0
SC803	Market Square electrics upgrade	S French	52	0	0	0	0	0
SC804	ICT & Digital Capabilities	P Boucher	155	0	0	0	0	0
SC808	Our Cambridge transformation - Office Accommodation Strategy	P Boucher	53	0	0	0	0	0
SC811	S106 Mill Road Centre fit out	A Conder	62	0	0	0	0	0
SC812	S106 Clay Farm community centre improvements	R Brown	6	0	0	0	0	0
SC813	S106 Trumpington Rec ground environmental enhancements	J Ogle	14	0	0	0	0	0
SC814	S106 public art grant for Solidarity and Community - The Pink Festival	N Black	29	0	0	0	0	0
SC820	Wetlands at Logan's Meadow LNR	G Belcher	280	0	0	0	0	0
SC822	Loan to CIP to purchase land south of Cambridge	C Ryba	15,139	0	13,500	0	0	0
SC823	S106 public art grant for Cherry Hinton Brook mural	N Black	2	0	0	0	0	0
SC824	S106 public art grant for Birdwood Area Art	N Black	5	0	0	0	0	0
SC825	S106 public art grant for Park Street Residents' Association Art	N Black	11	0	0	0	0	0
SC826	S106 Midsummer's Common community orchard improvements - seating, bins, paths and raised beds (Market Ward)	J Ogle	18	0	0	0	0	0
SC827	S106 Five Trees open space: wildflower and tree planting in East Chesterton	M Magrath	15	0	0	0	0	0
SC828	WREN solar project at Waterbeach	B Esan	1,493	130	0	0	0	0
SC830	S106 grant to Trumpington village hall - disabled access and outside meeting space	l Ross	4	0	0	0	0	0
SC831	Sustainable Warmth Grant - Home Upgrade Grant 2	J Smith	4,500	5,508	0	0	0	0
SC832	S106 Bramblefields LNR improvements - East Chesterton	G Belcher	15	0	0	0	0	0
SC833	Kings Hedges play area improvements	J Parrott	165	0	0	0	0	0
SC834	Decarbonisation works - Abbey pool, Parkside pool, Cherry Hinton village centre	l Ross	159	650	400	0	0	0
SC835	Recommended maintenance at Abbey pool, Parkside pool and Cherry Hinton village centre	l Ross	200	200	240	175	0	0
SC836	Essential repairs to Jesus Green river bank	A French	125	0	0	0	0	0
SC837	Parkside Pool's diving boards	l Ross	30	0	0	0	0	0
SC838	Refuse collection vehicle - replacement HVO	B Esan	400	0	0	0	0	0
SC839	Laptop and desktop replacement	M Lord	200	100	100	100	0	0
SC840	Pathfinder House data centre equipment replacement - racks, power and cooling systems	M Lord	110	0	0	0	0	0

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
SC841	Sand Martin/Pathfinder House data centre refresh to hybrid environment	M Lord	215	0	0	0	0	0
SC842	Windows 2012 server replacement	M Lord	30	0	0	0	0	0
SC843	Wireless access point	M Lord	75	0	0	0	0	0
SC844	Uninterruptible power supply replacement	M Lord	35	0	0	0	0	0
SC845	Democratic services software replacement	D Kalley	27	0	0	0	0	0
SC846	Contribution to GF from HRA for corporate IT investment	M Lord	(130)	(23)	(23)	(23)	0	0
SC847	Local Authority Treescape Fund - Round 1-2	M Magrath	33	33	32	0	0	0
SC848	Urban Tree Challenge Fund	M Magrath	17	17	17	18	0	0
SC849	S106 Coleridge Rec outdoor kit fit	l Ross	75	0	0	0	0	0
SC850	OZEV grant for electric charge points in Council car parks	S Cleary	199	0	0	0	0	0
SC851	[COMPLETED] Grillo hydrostatic mower for S&OS	G Belcher	43	0	0	0	0	0
SC852	National Lottery grant for DiversiTREE project	M Magrath	42	42	0	0	0	0
SC875	New EV vehicle to maintain growth sites	A Wilson	31	0	0	0	0	0
SC854	S106 Jesus Green Lido: improved lighting	l Ross	36	0	0	0	0	0
SC855	S106 Nightingale Ave Pavilion furnishings	l Ross	18	0	0	0	0	0
SC856	S106 Chesterton Rec pavilion additional equipment	l Ross	18	0	0	0	0	0
SC857	S106 Basketball court improvements	l Ross	7	0	0	0	0	0
SC858	S106 Football goal improvements at Ch Hinton, etc	l Ross	14	0	0	0	0	0
SC859	S106 Netherhall gym grant to Cambridge Dive	l Ross	9	0	0	0	0	0
SC860	S106 Parkside pool new competition lane ropes	l Ross	12	0	0	0	0	0
SC861	S106 Parkside pool grant to City Swimming Club	l Ross	5	0	0	0	0	0
SC862	S106 The Meadows Community Centre	l Ross	9	0	0	0	0	0
SC863	UTCF treeing up deprived neighbourhood	M Magrath	33	23	23	24	0	0
SC864	Coronation Living Heritage Fund	M Magrath	7	7	0	0	0	0
SC867	LATF R3 grant from Forestry Commission	M Magrath	26	19	19	18	0	0
SC868	SPF-UK Green Business Grants	J Little	106	206	0	0	0	0
SC869	Refuse Collection Vehicles - Growth	B Esan	0	220	0	0	0	0
SC870	New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy	D Blair	0	180	0	0	0	0

Ref.	Description	Lead Officer	2023/24 (£000's)	2024/25 (£000's)	2025/26 (£000's)	2026/27 (£000's)	2027/28 (£000's)	2028/29 (£000's)
SC871	Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park	S Cleary	0	180	0	0	0	0
SC872	The Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN) Switch Off	M Lord	0	30	0	0	0	0
SC873	Development of the Civic Quarter	J Wilson	0	1,000	0	0	0	0
SC874	Skating and street sport facilities, match funding	A Wilson	0	25	0	0	0	0
SC853	East Barnwell new centre	B Binns	49	1,447	1,996	677	0	0
SC854	Urgent repairs to the river bank	A French	0	250	0	0	0	O
SC855	Cycle parking improvements at Queen Anne Terrace car park	P Mullord	0	120	0	0	0	0
Capital-G	iF Projects		56,954	75,463	16,314	989	0	0
Capital-	Programmes							
PR010	Environmental Improvements Programme	A Wilson	73	0	0	0	0	0
PR010b	Environmental Improvements Programme - South Area	J Richards	39	0	0	0	0	0
PR010c	Environmental Improvements Programme - West/Central Area	J Richards	57	0	0	0	0	0
PR010d	Environmental Improvements Programme - East Area	J Richards	24	0	0	0	0	0
PR039	Minor Highway Improvement Programme	J Richards	94	35	35	35	0	0
PR053	Commercial property repair and maintenance	W Barfield	400	300	300	300	300	300
PR054	Administrative buildings maintenance	W Barfield	166	166	400	400	400	400
PR055	Depot Relocation programme to create Operational Hub	S Cleary	705	8,603	0	0	0	0
PR056	Chalk Streams projects in Cambridge	G Belcher	60	120	120	0	0	0
PR057	Green Recovery Programme	G Belcher	75	0	0	0	0	C
Capital-P	Programmes		1,693	9,224	855	735	700	700
Capital-	GF Provisions							
PV007	Cycleways	J Richards	354	(40)	0	0	0	0
PV192	Development Land on the North Side of Kings Hedges Road	P Doggett	0	0	0	0	60	0
PV554	Development Of land at Clay Farm	P Doggett	181	705	0	0	0	0
Capital-G	iF Provisions		535	665	0	0	60	0

Appendix F

Cambridge City Council Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA)

This tool helps the Council ensure that we fulfil legal obligations of the <u>Public Sector</u> <u>Equality Duty</u> to have due regard to the need to -

(a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Equality Act 2010;

(b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;

(c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.

Guidance on how to complete this tool can be found on the Cambridge City Council intranet. For specific questions on the tool email Helen Crowther, Equality and Anti-Poverty Officer at <u>equalities@cambridge.gov.uk</u> or phone 01223 457046.

Once you have drafted the EqIA please send this to <u>equalities@cambridge.gov.uk</u> for checking. For advice on consulting on equality impacts, please contact Graham Saint, Strategy Officer, (<u>graham.saint@cambridge.gov.uk</u> or 01223 457044).

1. Title of strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service

General Fund Budget 2024/25 proposals

2. Webpage link to full details of the strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service (if available)

https://democracy.cambridge.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=159&Mld=4426&Ver=4

3. What is the objective or purpose of your strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service?

This Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) assesses the equality impacts of the General Fund element of the City Council's budget.

An EqIA is undertaken on the budget proposals each year to enable the City Council to set a balanced budget for 2024/25 that reflects the Council's vision and takes into account councillors' priorities in its proposals for achieving the savings required.

This EqIA has been completed for budget proposals that are likely to result in significant service changes or have a directly identifiable equality impact. For some proposals there are minimal or neutral impacts and therefore they have not been included in this document.

This approach is intended to ensure that in making decisions on the Budget, the Council is discharging its Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act 2010.

The 2024/25 budget proposals that are considered as part of this impact assessment are:

Revenue bids:

- B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall
- B5225 Waste Combined Proposal
- B5228 Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge Programme

Capital bids:

- CAP5175 Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park
- CAP5201 New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy¹
- CAP5229 Skating and street sport facilities, match funding

4. Responsible service

The Finance service manages the budget process, but a range of Council Services are responsible for the individual bid proposals included in this EqIA.

 5. Who will be affected by this strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service? (Please tick all that apply) 	☑ Residents☑ Visitors☑ Staff							

Please state any specific client group or groups (e.g. City Council tenants, tourists, people who work in the city but do not live here):

N/a

6. What type of strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service is this? Each of the proposidentified will chan level of service to delivered.
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¹ Note that an equality impact assessment was undertaken on the Herbicide Reduction Plan and extension itself. This is available upon request by emailing <u>equalities@cambridge.gov.uk</u>.

7. Are other departments or partners involved in delivering this strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service? (Please tick)

⊠ Yes □ No

If 'Yes' please provide details below:

This is an assessment of the Council's budget proposals and therefore covers all our services. The budget also affects some of the Council's partnership working.

8. Has the report on your strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service gone to Committee? If so, which one?

Strategy and Resources Scrutiny Committee 15th January 2024.

9. What research methods/ evidence have you used in order to identify equality impacts of your strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service?

This information is based on feedback from Council Officers that lead on the individual Budget proposals and any EqIAs they have produced.

10. Potential impacts

For each category below, please explain if the strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service could have a positive/ negative impact or no impact. Where an impact has been identified, please explain what it is. Consider impacts on service users, visitors and staff members separately.

(a) Age - Please also consider any safeguarding issues for children and adults at risk

CAP5175 Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park

This budget bid covers recommended works from health and safety and fire safety assessments that have been undertaken. These recommendations are to install manual fire call points (the break glass units), alarm sounders or high visibility flashing beacons. They are also to replace the Grand Arcade Annex CO & NO2 detectors. If the detectors are not replaced, smoke and emissions cannot be detected meaning the fan system will not operate correctly, resulting in bad air quality, health hazard and fire risk to staff and customers. These detectors are also linked to the fire management system which currently cannot detect smoke or uplift in CO2 emissions within the lower car park. Children and older people may especially be at risk of poor health associated with high car exhaust emissions and smoke, which replacement of faulty detectors can help mitigate.

CAP5201 New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy

The additional street sweeping and cleaning machinery requested through this budget bid will automate a process that is currently manual and has links to Hand Arm Vibration Syndrome over time. This will have a positive impact for our workforce as the automated process will prevent people developing this syndrome over time as the council's workforce gets older.

CAP5229 Skating and street sport facilities, match funding

This budget bid is to agree funding allocation to improve the skate and street sports that will be match funded by Cam Skate. Cam Skate and the City Council will be developing plans for new products at which point equality impacts will be assessed in greater detail. The improved new product will be mostly used by children and young people. In developing the product, consideration may be given to designing the space so children can use it, as well as young people who without this consideration would likely to be the highest users.

(b) Disability

B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall

Discretionary Housing Payments (DHPs) support households who experience a shortfall between Housing Benefit or Universal Credit and their eligible rent. Cambridge City Council has always spent all of its government allocation supporting claimants impacted by welfare reforms. It has previously relied on additional homelessness prevention funding set up several years ago plus bids over the past few years to top up awards, which this budget bid is for.

DHP assessment considers increased costs that many disabled individuals or households face. For instance, national research by Scope (2023)² indicates that disabled people face extra costs of £975 per month on average. On average, the extra cost of disability is equivalent to 63% of household income after housing costs. Disability benefits are therefore intended offset against these increased costs but in a snapshot of DHP applications from August 2023, a total of 23 of 33 applications were made by people not in work due to disability (70%).

² <u>https://www.scope.org.uk/campaigns/extra-costs/disability-price-tag-2023/</u>

Disabled households are sometimes affected by Local Housing Allowance and Spare Room Subsidy restrictions as there is a lack of available accommodation to suit disability needs. Disabled households often need larger properties to accommodate wheelchairs or additional rooms for medical supplies or treatments. The easement that allows for an additional bedroom for an overnight carer does not help in these situations. DHPs often support these claimants for long periods of time due to lack of suitable available accommodation.

B5225 Waste Combined Proposal

There are many elements to this budget bid but part of it is to fund another Refuse Team Manager so there will be five instead of four Refuse Team Managers as is currently the case. The five roles would be identical and an additional manager will enable the Service to better distribute the staffing numbers out so each team manager is responsible for 32 direct report as opposed to the current 40 direct reports. The additional post will support the wellbeing of the team managers by reducing the work pressure from supporting a large number of direct reports; this will ultimately ensure that the direct reports have the support, guidance and staff health and wellbeing needs required to carry out their duties.

CAP5175 Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park

This budget bid covers recommended works from health and safety and fire safety assessments that have been undertaken. All car park users are potentially at risk of ill-health and disability if the recommendations to improve fire safety are not carried out. Moreover, high levels of car exhaust emissions and smoke can exacerbate long term health issues, which the CO & NO2 detectors could help prevent. The new fire system together with installation of both audible and visual alarms would raise awareness during fire emergencies to all customers, including those with sight or hearing impairments. Disabled customer with blue badges, including the council's Shopmobility customers, would be at particular risk if this work is not carried out due to their reduced mobility to evacuate the building if not given sufficient warnings around fire safety.

CAP5201 New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy

The additional street sweeping and cleaning machinery requested through this budget bid will help with weed removal from streets and open spaces. On streets this will have a positive impact for accessibility, especially for people using wheelchairs or mobility scooters and who have mobility and/or sight impairments. Moreover, as mentioned, machinery requested through this bid will automate a process that is currently manual and has links to Hand Arm Vibration Syndrome over time.

CAP5229 Skating and street sport facilities, match funding

This budget bid is to agree funding allocation to improve the skate ramp and street sports that will be match funded by Cam Skate. Cam Skate and the City Council will be developing plans for new products and assessing equality impacts in greater detail as part of this. At this point, reasonable adjustments can be considered to support people with some disabilities to use the space. Improving the skate and streets sports offer is hoped to lead to greater usage of the skate area, which could have a positive impact on mental health as exercise improves mental wellbeing.

(c) Gender reassignment

No equality impacts have been identified specific to this protected characteristic.

(d) Marriage and civil partnership

No equality impacts have been identified specific to this protected characteristic.

(e) Pregnancy and maternity

B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall

This budget bid is to make up the shortfall between government funding for Discretionary Housing Payments (DHPs) and local need for DHPs. Pregnancy and maternity are an expensive time for households, and although generally additional personal allowances in Housing Benefit and Universal Credit are not given during pregnancy, they may be if the mother is unable to work during pregnancy. Expectant families are also sometimes affected by Local Housing Allowance and Spare Room Subsidy restrictions until the child or children are born, and DHPs can support households at this time.

CAP5201 New Equipment to Support Zero Herbicides Policy

The additional street sweeping and cleaning machinery requested through this budget bid will help with weed removal from streets and open spaces. On streets this will have a positive impact for accessibility, especially for people using prams and buggies.

(f) Race – Note that the protected characteristic 'race' refers to a group of people defined by their race, colour, and nationality (including citizenship) ethnic or national origins.

B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall

This budget bid is to make up the shortfall between government funding for Discretionary Housing Payments (DHPs) and local need for DHPs. Entitlement to DHP does not make reference to race so we cannot identify if there are more applications from some ethnic groups over others. However, it might be the case that there are proportionally higher numbers of claims for DHPs from some ethnic minority groups than others. For instance, UK statistics find that Bangladeshi and Pakistani families have experienced much greater rates of poverty than all other ethnic groups and this has been the case for 20 years³. Qualitative research undertaken on needs of ethnic minority people in the city in

³ <u>https://www.jrf.org.uk/data</u>

2021⁴, and recent feedback from Cambridge Ethnic Community Forum on needs of clients they support indicate that Bangladeshi people, Black people (especially African people), and Arab people are the most likely to experience poverty in Cambridge itself.

CAP5175 Fire management compliance at the Grand Arcade Multi Storey Car Park

This budget bid covers recommended works from health and safety and fire safety assessments that have been undertaken. For people for whom English is a second language standard fire alert signage would be installed that would also incorporate instructions in pictures. Moreover, the new fire system with installation of both audible and visual alarms would raise awareness during fire emergencies to all customers, as the alarm and flashing lights can be considered a universal warning.

(g) Religion or belief

No equality impacts have been identified specific to this protected characteristic.

(h) Sex

B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall

This budget bid is to make up the shortfall between government funding for Discretionary Housing Payments (DHPs) and local need for DHPs. Single parents may have an increased likelihood of needing DHPs due to being on low incomes in the first place, and women are generally more likely to be single parents (84%)⁵. Locally, when looking at Council Tax Reduction (which will cover both housing benefit and Universal Credit claims) of the 7,133 Council Tax claims as at October 2023, 1,698 single parent households, 1,603 are women. This represents 94% female single parent households on Council Tax Reduction.

CAP5229 Skating and street sport facilities, match funding

This budget bid is to agree funding allocation to improve the skate and streets sports) that will be match funded by Cam Skate. Cam Skate and the City Council will be developing plans for new products at which point equality impacts will be assessed in greater detail. According to Skateboard GB, only 15% of skaters are female which means that this budget bid could have a disproportionate positive impact for boys⁶.

4

https://democracy.cambridge.gov.uk/documents/s63633/CECF%20needs%20assessment%20background%20r eport.pdf

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/families/bulletins/famili esandhouseholds/2022

⁶ <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-bristol-58101520</u>

CAP5243 Development of the Civic Quarter

An Equality Impact Assessment on this budget item will be taken to the Strategy and Resources Committee on 29th January.

(i) Sexual orientation

No equality impacts have been identified specific to this protected characteristic.

- (j) Other factors that may lead to inequality in particular, please consider the impact of any changes on:
 - Low-income groups or those experiencing the impacts of poverty
 - Groups who have more than on protected characteristic that taken together create overlapping and interdependent systems of discrimination or disadvantage. (Here you are being asked to consider intersectionality, and for more information see: <u>https://media.ed.ac.uk/media/1_l59kt25g</u>).

B5155 Discretionary Housing Payments Funding Shortfall

This budget bid is to make up the shortfall between government funding for Discretionary Housing Payments (DHPs) and local need for DHPs. It is important that families on a low income, who are often less able to budget, are clear about the support they will receive. Low-income households often do not have sufficient savings to allow them to choose good quality accommodation as large deposits and rent in advance are often required.

Moreover, relating to intersectionality, older people more likely to have long-term health conditions or disabilities so face the extra living costs relating to having a disability. National research by Scope (2023) indicates that disabled people face extra costs of £975 per month on average. As mentioned above, DHP assessment considers increased costs that many disabled individuals or households face.

CAP5229 Skating and street sport facilities, match funding

This budget bid is to agree funding allocation to improve the skate and streets sports) that will be match funded by Cam Skate. The spaces will be free to use, so improving the offer could have a positive impact for children and young people from low-income households and/or experiencing poverty.

11. Action plan – New equality impacts will be identified in different stages throughout the planning and implementation stages of changes to your strategy, policy, plan, project, contract or major change to your service. How will you monitor these going forward? Also, how will you ensure that any potential negative impacts of the changes will be mitigated? (Please include dates where possible for when you will update this EqIA accordingly.)

Some BSR proposals might have equality impacts, which cannot be identified based on current information held. This means that further equality impact assessments on these might need to be undertaken at a later stage.

12. Do you have any additional comments?

B5178 Increased budget for Bed and Breakfast

Equality impact assessments are undertaken to inform the decision-making process but it is a statutory duty to provide temporary accommodation for the council so budget must be found for this – it is not at the council's discretion. Therefore, equality impacts have not been assessed for the bid of increased budget for Bed and Breakfast.

B5228 Contribution Towards the administration costs of the Innovate Cambridge Programme

This budget bid is for the City Council to contribute £50,000 towards the £6 million that Innovate Cambridge are raising towards a cross sector partnership over the next three years with key businesses, researchers, investors, and the local universities. The programme of work of Innovate Cambridge will include but not be limited to delivering projects with businesses to improve workforce diversity and inclusion, and other projects to demonstrate to local communities how businesses are giving back, which also might have positive implications for promoting equality, diversity, and inclusion.

13. Sign off

Name and job title of lead officer for this equality impact assessment: Helen Crowther, Equality and Anti-Poverty Officer (Chief Executive's Office)

Names and job titles of other assessment team members and people consulted: Alistair Wilson (Strategic Delivery Manager for City Services), Bode Esan (Head of Climate, Environment and Waste), David Kidston (Strategy & Partnerships Manager), Dominic Burrows (Project Manager Transformation Team), James Elms (Director of City Services Group), Julie Jackson (Commercial and Projects Officer in Parking), Naomi Armstrong (Benefits Manager), Simon Hunt (Housing Advice Operations Manager), Stephen Kelly (Joint Director of Planning & Economic Development).

Date of EqIA sign off: 21st December 2023

Date of next review of the equalities impact assessment: An EqIA is undertaken on budget proposals annually

Date to be published on Cambridge City Council website: 3rd January 2023

All EqIAs need to be sent to Helen Crowther, Equality and Anti-Poverty Officer at <u>helen.crowther@cambridge.gov.uk</u>.

Appendix G

Budget-Setting Report (BSR) 2024/25 - Review of Charges

In the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) November 2023 the general inflation assumption (target) for income and charges was 3.0% for 2024/5 and 2.0% ongoing. All areas are required to review fees and charges (including property rental income based on detailed projections and rent reviews) and, if any specific review results in material additional or reduced income, then these are identified and included in the Budget-Setting Report (BSR) February 2024 as budget proposals.

Portfolio	Charges	Contacts
Climate Action and	Environmental Services	Yvonne O'Donnell
Environment	Taxi Testing	David Cox
	Shared Waste	Bode Esan
	Control of Dogs	Wendy Johnston
	Markets	Tim Jones
Communities	Sports and Recreation	lan Ross
	Bereavement Services	Glyn Theobald
Housing – General Fund	HMOs, Enforcement	Yvonne O'Donnell
Open Spaces, Sustainable Food and Community Wellbeing	Open Spaces	Alistair Wilson
Planning Policy and Transport	Parking	Sean Cleary
Finance & Resources	Moorings	Ashley Read
	Guildhall Lettings	Dan Kalley
	Land Charges	Laura Prideaux-Brune
Licensing	Business Licensing	
	Taxi Licensing	Yvonne O'Donnell
	Licensing & Gambling Act	
	Animal Licensing	
	Street Trading	Tim Jones

Contents:

Climate Action and Environment								
Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25				
Environmental Services								
Deet Control Tractments for Dusingeres (Commencial new hour (minimum holf hour)	Discretionary	111.00	114.33	3.0%				
Pest Control Treatments for Businesses / Commercial per hour (minimum half hour) House / Car Alarms (fee includes administration costs)	Discretionary	Actual Costs	Actual Costs	0.0%				
		97.00	N/A	0.0%				
Lecture Fees - per hour	Discretionary							
Food Surrender and Disposal Food Register - entire register printed	Discretionary Discretionary	Actual Costs 1,013.00	Actual Costs 1,043.00	0.0% 3.0%				
	Discretionary	81.50	N/A	0.0%				
Taught CIEH courses								
Online CIEH Courses Examination following on-line courses	Discretionary Discretionary	31.00 25.00	32.00 25.75	3.2% 3.0%				
Tailored Training	Discretionary	Actual Costs	Actual Costs	0.0%				
Mentoring Training per hour	Discretionary	85.00	87.50	2.9%				
Primary Authority Partnership Scheme per hour Contaminated Land (per Enquiry/Polygon)	Discretionary Discretionary	85.00 246.00	87.50 253.38	2.9% 3.0%				
Food Hygiene Ratings (FHRS) Rescore	Discretionary	240.00	222.48	3.0%				
Smoke Control Areas CPN	Statutory	N/A	Case by case basis using agreed	0.0%				
			matrix, maximum of £300	0.070				
Scrap Metal Dealers	Discretion	540.00	507.00	0.00/				
Site Licence Conversion to collector's licence	Discretionary Discretionary	512.00 62.00	527.00 64.00	2.9% 3.2%				
Change of licensee name	Discretionary	62.00	64.00	3.2%				
Addition of site	Discretionary	512.00	527.00	2.9%				
Removal of site	Discretionary	62.00	64.00	3.2%				
Change of Site Manager Replacement of lost or demaged license	Discretionary	150.00	155.00	3.3%				
Replacement of lost or damaged licence Collector's licence	Discretionary Discretionary	56.00 219.00	58.00 226.00	3.6% 3.2%				
Conversion to site licence	Discretionary	443.00	456.00	2.9%				
Change of name (e.g. status)	Discretionary	62.00	64.00	3.2%				
Replacement of lost or damaged licence	Discretionary	56.00	58.00	3.6%				
Taxi Vehicle Testing by the Garage Mechanical Fitness Test (Twice Yearly)	Discretionary	71.00	73.00	2.8%				
Re-test if works carried out at a separate garage and returned within 10 days	Discretionary Discretionary	36.00	37.00	2.8%				
Re-test if works carried out at a separate garage and returned after 10 days	Discretionary	76.00	78.00	2.6%				
Shared Waste Service								
Hazardous domestic collections Per Item (Fridge / Freeze / CRT Monitor / TV / Microwaves etc.)	Discretioner	26.50	27.00	4.00/				
	Discretionary	26.50	27.00	1.9%				
Domestic collections - Bulky Collections One to three items (excluding hazardous items)	Discretionary	32.50	34.00	4.6%				
More than three items (per item and maximum 9 items)	Discretionary	5.50	6.00	9.1%				
Charge to empty contaminated bin / additional empty (per bin)	Discretionary	32.50	33.00	1.5%				
Clearance of rubbish from bin stores	Discretionary	By quote	By quote	0.0%				
Annual 2nd green bin charge - per additional bin (October to October)	Discretionary	45.00	45.00	0.0%				
Additional garden waste capacity for flats (per 1100l bin)	Discretionary	84.00	85.00	1.2%				
Bins Delivery of bin(s) for new property	Discretionary	90.00	90.00	0.0%				
Additional approved black bin - for large families etc.	Discretionary	55.00	56.00	1.8%				
Delivery of a replacement black bin 240 litre - (damaged/stolen)	Discretionary	55.00	FREE	0.0%				
Delivery of a replacement green/blue bin (damaged/stolen)	Discretionary	FREE	FREE	0.0%				
Blue bin charge - First two bins Additional blue bin charge (First 2 bins are free)	Discretionary Discretionary	FREE 25.00	FREE 25.00	0.0%				
Recycling Kitchen Caddy Sacks (in packs of 50). Includes VAT.	Discretionary	4.20	4.20	0.0%				
Dese								
Dogs Statutory Fee for all stray dogs**	Statutory	25.00	25.00	0.0%				
Collection and transportation cost of stray dogs in normal office hours	Discretionary	77.00	82.00	6.5%				
Kennels registration and vet checking fee	Discretionary	60.00	64.00	6.7%				
Daily kennel charges	Discretionary	19.00	20.00	5.3%				
Markets								
Cambridge Retail Market	┫╞────┤							
Monday - Tuesday rents	1							
General Market Weekday Premium General Market Weekday Standard	Discretionary Discretionary	21.70 10.00	21.70 10.00	0.0% 0.0%				
Wednesday - Friday rents General Market Weekday Premium	Discretionary	21.70	21.70	0.0%				
General Market Weekday Standard	Discretionary	18.00	18.00	0.0%				
General Market Weekend Premium General Market Weekend Standard	Discretionary Discretionary	41.60 34.20	43.50 36.00	4.6% 5.3%				
Hot Food Premium	Discretionary	7.70	8.00	3.9%				
Casual Trading Premium	Discretionary	5.00	7.50	50.0%				
*Storage Units	Discretionary	18.40	18.40	0.0%				
	Disciplionally	10.40	10.40	0.070				

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
All Saints Craft Fair				
Monday - Friday rents	Discretionary	16.65	16.65	0.0%
Saturday rent	Discretionary	35.25	37.00	5.0%
All Markets - Administration Fees				
Variations Fee - applicable for any changes that result in the production of a new licence.	Discretionary	30.00	35.00	16.7%
* These charges are shown net of VAT ** Externally set fees and charges				

Communities - Sport & Recreation				
Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Sports & Recreation Charges (including VAT)				
Sports Facilities				
Cricket			54.50	0.001
Adult Per pitch Including Pavilion	Discretionary Discretionary	50.00 65.00	51.50 67.00	3.0% 3.1%
Junior per pitch (Under 16's)	Discretionary	31.50	32.50	3.2%
Including Pavilion	Discretionary	39.00	40.00	2.6%
Football/Rugby/Hockey				
Per pitch including Pavilion	Discretionary	64.00	66.00	3.1%
Junior per pitch including Pavilion (Under 16's)	Discretionary	35.00	36.00	2.9%
8-a-side pitch	Discretionary	26.00	26.75	2.9%
American Football				
Per pitch (including 4 changing rooms)	Discretionary	112.00	115.50	3.1%
Junior (Under 16's) per pitch (including 4 changing rooms)	Discretionary	56.00	57.50	2.7%
Rounders				
Per Pitch	Discretionary	27.00	28.00	3.7%
Per Pitch - Junior (Under 16's)	Discretionary	14.00	14.50	3.6%
Tennis				
Jesus Green - Per hour	Discretionary	FREE	FREE	0.0%
Nightingale Avenue, Lammas Land, Coleridge, Barnwell, Christs	Discretionary	FREE	FREE	0.0%
Abbey Artificial Pitch (including Floodlights)				
Peak Time				
Mon-Fri 17.00-22.00/Sat 11.00-19.00/Sun 12.00-16.00				
Whole Pitch Whole Pitch - Junior	Discretionary Discretionary	67.50 36.00	69.50 37.00	3.0% 2.8%
Half Pitch	Discretionary	43.50	45.00	3.4%
Half Pitch - Junior	Discretionary	24.50	25.00	2.0%
Off-Peak Time Whole Pitch	Discretionary	53.00	54.50	2.8%
Whole Pitch - Junior	Discretionary	34.50	35.50	2.9%
Half Pitch	Discretionary	36.00	37.00	2.8%
Half Pitch - Junior	Discretionary	21.50	22.00	2.3%
Lighting Charges per hour				
Whole Pitch max lux	Discretionary	22.00	23.00	4.5%
Half Pitch max lux	Discretionary	13.00	13.50	3.8%
Changing Room Hire - Per Game				
Additional Changing Room (per room)		15.00	15.50	3.3%
Swimming Services*	ı ————————————————————————————————————			
The charges relating to the swimming services are the HEADLINE prices				
These charges are the MOST the Leisure Contractor can charge for an activity				
The Leisure Contractor can REDUCE any or all of the activity prices BELOW the headline				
price if they wish.				
Juniors are 17 years and under; Under 3's are FREE	Discretionary	FREE	FREE	0.0%
Parkside Pools Adult	Discretionary	6.00	6.20	3.3%
Junior	Discretionary	3.00	3.10	3.3%
Main Pool Hire - per hour (Non Commercial)	Discretionary	152.00	156.50	3.0%
Main Pool Hire - per hour (Commercial)	Discretionary	400.00	412.00	3.0%
Lane Hire Diving Real - per bour (Nep Commercial)	Discretionary Discretionary	28.00 87.00	29.00 90.00	3.6% 3.4%
Diving Pool - per hour (Non Commercial) Diving Pool - per hour (Commercial)	Discretionary	125.00	128.75	3.0%
Children's Pool Hire - per hour (Non Commercial)	Discretionary	57.00	58.50	2.6%
Children's Pool Hire - per hour (Commercial)	Discretionary	70.00	72.00	2.9%
Flumes	Discretionary Discretionary	68.00 2.20	70.00 2.25	2.9%
Non-City LEA School Swim	Discretionary	2.20	2.23	2.3%
Abbey Pool				
Adult	Discretionary	6.00	6.20	3.3%
Junior Pool Hire - per hour (Non Commercial)	Discretionary Discretionary	3.00 100.00	3.10 103.00	3.3%
Pool Hire - per hour (Commercial)	Discretionary	125.00	129.00	3.2%
Learner Pool Hire - per hour (Non Commercial)	Discretionary	50.00	51.50	3.0%
Learner Pool Hire - per hour (Commercial) Gala Hire - per hour (City Clubs)	Discretionary Discretionary	70.00 185.00	72.00 190.50	2.9%
Gala Hire - per hour (City Clubs)			283.00	2.9%
		275.00	Z03.UU	
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim	Discretionary Discretionary	275.00 2.20	2.25	2.3%
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim	Discretionary			
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim Kings Hedges Pool	Discretionary Discretionary	2.20	2.25	2.3%
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim Kings Hedges Pool Pool Hire - per hour - Non Commercial	Discretionary Discretionary Discretionary			
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim Kings Hedges Pool Pool Hire - per hour - Non Commercial Pool Hire - per hour - (Commercial)	Discretionary Discretionary	2.20 46.50	2.25 48.00	2.3%
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim Kings Hedges Pool Pool Hire - per hour - Non Commercial Pool Hire - per hour - (Commercial) Jesus Green Outdoor Pool	Discretionary Discretionary Discretionary Discretionary	2.20 46.50 70.00	2.25 48.00 72.00	2.3% 3.2% 2.9%
Gala Hire - per hour (Commercial) Non-City LEA School Swim Kings Hedges Pool Pool Hire - per hour - Non Commercial Pool Hire - per hour - (Commercial)	Discretionary Discretionary Discretionary	2.20 46.50	2.25 48.00	2.3%

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Pool hire per Hour - (Commercial)	Discretionary	350.00	360.50	3.0%
Health Suites				
Abbey Pool				
Sauna & Swim	Discretionary	8.75	9.00	2.9%
	Discretionary	0.70	3.00	2.570
GP Referral				
Swimming Session - Abbey, Parkside, Kings Hedges				
Induction	Discretionary	10.50	11.00	4.8%
Session	Discretionary	3.75	4.25	13.3%
Membership Cards				
Adult Residents (up to 30% discount)	Discretionary	15.00	15.50	3.3%
Adult Students & 60+ (up to 35% Discount)	Discretionary	10.00	10.50	5.0%
Adult Concessions (up to 50% Discount)	Discretionary	6.00	6.00	0.0%
Junior Residents (up to 30% discount)	Discretionary	6.00	6.00	0.0%
Junior Concessions (up to 50% Discount)	Discretionary	3.00	3.00	0.0%
Cherry Hinton Village Centre				
Activity				
Main Hall per Hour - Adult	Discretionary	53.50	55.00	2.8%
Main Hall per Hour - Junior (17yr & Under)	Discretionary	31.00	32.00	3.2%
Large Meeting Room per hour - (Community)	Discretionary	24.00	24.75	3.1%
Large Meeting Room per hour - (Commercial)	Discretionary	34.50	35.50	2.9%
Small Meeting Room per hour - (Community)	Discretionary	12.50	13.00	4.0%
Small Meeting Room per hour - (Commercial)	Discretionary	21.00	21.50	2.4%
Admission on Sports Bookings per person	Discretionary	0.30	0.30	0.0%
Badminton Court per hour - Adult	Discretionary	15.00	15.50	3.3%
Badminton Court per hour - Junior (17yr & Under)	Discretionary	8.75	9.00	2.9%

Housing - General Fund				
Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Licences:				
	Discusticus and	4 007 00	4.000.44	0.00/
HMO Licences - New Applications HMO Licence - Renewals	Discretionary Discretionary	1,037.00 1,037.00	1,068.11 1,068.11	3.0% 3.0%
HMO Licence - Renewals - if submitted at least 8 weeks prior to expiry of current licence	Discretionary	933.00	960.99	3.0%
Assisted application	Discretionary	Cost	Cost	0.0%
Enforcement Activity				
Penalty for non compliance (not belonging to one of the approved Property Redress schemes) £5,000 maximum charge	Statutory	Monthly Local Housing Allowance Rate for the property, up to a maximum of £5.000	Monthly Local Housing Allowance Rate for the property, up to a maximum of £5.000	0.0%
Subsequent offences	Statutory	5,000.00	5,150.00	3.0%
Penalty for non compliance with the Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Regulations	Statutory	Monthly Local Housing Allowance Rate for the property, up to a maximum of £5.000	Monthly Local Housing Allowance Rate for the property, up to a maximum of £5.000	0.0%
Fixed penalty for failure to produce an Energy Performance Certificate, EPC, as per the requirements of the Energy Act 2016	Statutory	200.00	206.00	3.0%
Civil Penalty for failure to comply with The Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England & Wales) Regulations 2015, MEES	Statutory	financial penalty of up to £5,000 taking into account the fine criteria and individual maximum penalties specified under Regulation 40 on a case by case	financial penalty of up to £5,000 taking into account the fine criteria and individual maximum penalties specified under Regulation 40 on a case by case	0.0%
Civil Penalty for non-compliance under the Housing and Planning Act 2016	Statutory	Case by case basis using agreed matrix, maximum of £30,000 per offence	Case by case basis using agreed matrix, maximum of £30,000 per offence	0.0%
Charge for the service of an Improvement Notice under the Housing Act 2004	Statutory	383.00	394.49	3.0%
Charge for the service of a Prohibition Order under the Housing Act 2004	Statutory	347.00	357.41	3.0%
Charge for the service of an Emergency Remedial Action Notice under the Housing Act 2004	Statutory	325.00	334.75	3.0%
Charge for the review of Suspended notices or orders served under the Housing Act 2004	Statutory	116.00	119.48	3.0%
Financial Penalty for breach of The Electrical Safety Standards in the Private Rented Sector Regs 2020	Statutory	Case by case as determined up to maximum £30,000	Case by case as determined up to maximum £30,000	0.0%
Training and other services				
Delivering training and other discretionary services for landlords and agents (Includes development, promotion, overheads and associated costs)	Discretionary	At Cost	At Cost	0.0%
Landlord training (per delegate)	Discretionary	At Cost	At Cost	0.0%

Housing - General Fund

Open Spaces and City Services

Open Spaces and City Services				
Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Allotments				
Anotments				
Standard size is 10 rods (300 m2)				
Allotment Full size	Discretionary	73.00	68.00	(6.8%)
Allotment Half size	Discretionary	36.50	34.00	(6.8%)
Allotment starter plot	Discretionary	25.50	24.00	(5.9%)
Parks, Commons & Open Spaces				
Grazing				
		75.00	75.00	0.00/
Cows Cows - 10 or more (per beast)	Discretionary Discretionary	75.00 48.00	75.00 48.00	0.0%
Parks & Open Spaces Lettings Application Fee - all applicants (may be returnable for local events if				
criteria met) (Plus VAT)	Discretionary	135.00	145.00	7.4%
Filming on parks and open spaces (Non Commercial)	Discretionary	Free	Free	0.0%
Filming on parks and open spaces (Commercial)	Discretionary	Negotiable	Negotiable	0.0%
Daily Hire - Fairs #	Discretionary	550.00	590.00	7.3%
Daily Hire - Circuses #	Discretionary	470.00	500.00	6.4%
Setting up/Pulling down days (For events where hire fee is more)	Discretionary	263.00	280.00	6.5%
Ongoing business use e.g. fitness classes (per quarter)	Discretionary	405.00	430.00	6.2%
Non Commercial Public Events ‡	Discretionary	317.00	340.00	7.3%
National Charities ‡	Discretionary	245.00	260.00 Free	6.1%
Local events / demos ‡ Fun Runs and Charity Walks (Local Charity Run/100% beneficiary)(under	Discretionary	Free		0.0%
500 participants)	Discretionary	Free	Free	0.0%
Commercial Public Events on City Centre Parks: †	Discretionary	Negotiable	Negotiable	0.0%
- minimum charge for lettings up to and over 1,000 sq. metres	Discretionary	1,030.00	1,100.00	6.8%
- additional charge per square metre for lettings over 1,000 sq. metres	Discretionary Discretionary	2.35	2.50	6.4% 0.0%
Commercial Public Events on Other Parks & Open Spaces: † - minimum charge for lettings up to and over 1,000 sq. metres	Discretionary	Negotiable 545.00	Negotiable 580.00	6.4%
- additional charge per square metre for lettings over 1,000 sq. metres	Discretionary	2.35	2.50	6.4%
Use of a Premises Licence for external event providers	Discretionary	At Pro rata cost per day of total licence fee	At Pro rata cost per day of total licence fee	0.0%
Provision of Wi-Fi facility for commercial events	Discretionary	Free Where Existing	Free Where Existing	0.0%
Internal Event/Cambridge Live - No Fees	Discretionary	149.00	160.00	7.4%
Internal Event/Cambridge Live - Fee Paying	Discretionary	200.00	215.00	7.5%
Bill Posting				
A4 size poster	Discretionary	6.50	7.00	7.7%
A3 size poster	Discretionary	7.50	8.00	6.7%
A2 size poster	Discretionary	10.00	11.00	10.0%
A1 size poster	Discretionary	14.00 45.00	15.00 48.00	7.1%
A0 size poster	Discretionary	45.00	48.00	6.7%
Lammas Land Car Park				
Monday to Friday				
Up to 2 Hours	Discretionary	2.20	2.30	4.5%
Up to 4 Hours	Discretionary	5.40	5.50	1.9%
Up to 5 Hours	Discretionary	10.80	11.00	1.9%
Up to 8 Hours (Maximum allowed)	Discretionary	22.00	22.50	2.3%
Saturday and Sunday				
Up to 2 Hours	Discretionary	2.20	2.30	4.5%
Up to 4 Hours Up to 5 Hours (Maximum allowed)	Discretionary Discretionary	5.20 9.80	5.50 10.00	5.8% 2.0%
Trolley Collection	Discretizeratio	60.00	74.00	7.00/
Trolleys-Council collection and delivery of trolley back to store imediately	Discretionary	69.00	74.00	7.2%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 1st Week	Discretionary	75.00	80.00	6.7%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 2nd Week	Discretionary	95.00	102.00	7.4%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 3rd Week	Discretionary	115.00	124.00	7.8%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 4th Week	Discretionary	135.00	145.00	7.4%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 5th Week	Discretionary	159.00	170.00	6.9%
Council collection and storage of trolleys collected 6th Week Council collection and storage of trolleys disposed of after 6 weeks	Discretionary Discretionary	174.00 177.00	188.00 190.00	8.0% 7.3%
Council collection and storage of trolleys disposed of allel o weeks	Discientionaly	177.00	130.00	1.570

‡ to include fun runs, cycle rides and charity walks, up to 500 participants

† to include fun runs, cycle rides and charity walks, over 500 participants

A sealed bid process may be applicable where more than one application is made for dates

Open Spaces and City Services

All fees are Discretionary

		2023/24				
MULTISTOREY CAR PARKS (Pay on foot)	Mondays to Fridays	Mondays to Fridays PEAK TIME	Saturdays and Sundays	Saturdays and Sundays PEAK TIME		
Grand Arcade	Mon-Fri 10am to 6pm	If a vehicle parks between Mon to Fri 8am to 10am the following rates are payable for the duration of the stay (8am- 6pm)	Sat 8am to 6pm Sun 10am to 6pm	If a vehicle parks between 11am to 1pm the following rates are payable for the duration of the stay (Sat 11am-6pm and Sun 11am to 6pm)		
1hr	£2.70	£3.30	£3.10	£3.60		
2hrs	£5.30	£6.40	£5.90	£7.00		
3hrs	£8.00	£9.60	£8.70	£10.40		
4hrs	£11.70	£13.80	£13.50	£15.70		
5hrs	£22.30	£25.10	£23.70	£26.40		
over 5 hrs	£28.80	£32.00	£29.90	£33.10		
evenings & overnight	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00		

Queen Anne Terrace	Mon-Fri 10am to 6pm	If a vehicle parks between Mon to Fri 8am to 10am the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (8am- 6pm)	Sat 8am to 6 <u>pm</u> Sun 10am to 6 <u>pm</u>	If a vehicle parks between 11am to 1pm the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (Sat 11am-6pm and Sun 11am to 6pm)
1hr	£1.70	£2.30	£1.70	£2.30
2hrs	£3.50	£4.60	£3.50	£4.60
3hrs	£4.80	£6.40	£4.80	£6.40
4hrs	£5.70	£7.80	£5.70	£7.80
5hrs	£7.50	£10.20	£7.50	£10.20
6hrs	£11.40	£14.70	£11.40	£14.70
over 6 hrs	£15.30	£19.10	£15.30	£19.10
evenings & overnight	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00

Park Street	Mon-Fri 10am to 7pm	If a vehicle parks between Mon to Fri 8am to 10am the following rates are payable for the duration of the stay (8am- 7pm)	Sat 9am to 7pm Sun 10am to 5pm	If a vehicle parks between 11am to 1pm the following rates are payable for the duration of the stay (Sat 11am-7pm and Sun 11am to 5pm)
1hr	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
2hrs	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
3hrs	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
4hrs	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
5hrs	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
over 5 hrs	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00
evenings & overnight	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00

2024/25			
Monday to Sunday PEAK	Monday to Sunday OFF PEAK		
For entries between 8am to 10am Mon - Fri 11am to 1pm Sat & Sun	Entries at all other times		
£3.10	£3.60		
£6.10	£7.20		
£9.10	£10.80		
£13.50	£15.70		
£23.70	£26.40		
£30.00	£33.10		
£0.00	£0.00		

For entries between 8am to 10am Mon - Fri 11am to 1pm Sat & Sun	Entries at all other times
£1.70	£2.30
£3.40	£4.60
£5.00	£6.90
£6.60	£9.00
£8.20	£11.30
£13.20	£15.60
£17.50	£20.00
£0.00	£0.00

For entries between 8am to 10am Mon - Fri 11am to 1pm Sat & Sun	Entries at all other times
£2.40	£2.90
£4.10	£5.10
£6.10	£7.60
£10.30	£12.30
£18.10	£20.70
£25.50	£28.80
£0.80	£0.80
For entries between 8am to 10am Mon - Fri 11am to 1pm Sat & Sun	Entries at all other times
£2.60	£3.20
£5.00	£6.20
£7.40	
	£9.20
£12.00	£9.20 £14.20
£12.00 £20.70	
£12.00	£14.20

2024/25 from 2023/24				
Comparisons % Change				
Mon-Fri NON PEAK	Mon-Fri PEAK	Sat-Sun NON PEAK	Sat-Sun PEAK	
14.8%	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	
15.1%	12.5%	3.4%	2.9%	
13.8%	12.5%	4.6%	3.8%	
15.4%	13.8%	0.0%	0.0%	
6.3%	5.2%	0.0%	0.0%	
4.2%	3.4%	0.3%	0.0%	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Mon-Fri NON PEAK	Mon-Fri PEAK	Sat-Sun NON PEAK	Sat-Sun PEAK	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
-2.9%	0.0% 7.8%	-2.9%	0.0%	
4.2% 15.8%	15.4%	4.2% 15.8%	7.8% 15.4%	
9.3%	10.8%	9.3%	10.8%	
15.8%	6.1%	15.8%	6.1%	
14.4%	4.7%	14.4%	4.7%	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Mon-Fri NON PEAK	Mon-Fri PEAK	Sat-Sun NON PEAK	Sat-Sun PEAK	
NON PEAK	РЕАК	NON PEAK	РЕАК	
NON PEAK 0.0%	реак 0.0%	NON PEAK 0.0%	реак 0.0%	
NON PEAK 0.0%	РЕАК 0.0% 0.0%	NON PEAK 0.0%	реак 0.0%	
NON PEAK 0.0%	реак 0.0%	NON PEAK 0.0%	реак 0.0%	

Grafton East	Mon-Fri 10am to 6pm	If a vehicle parks between Mon to Fri 8am to 10am the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (8am- 6pm)	Sat 8am to 6 <u>pm</u> Sun 10am to 6 <u>pm</u>	If a vehicle parks between 11am to 1pm the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (Sat 11am-6pm and Sun 11am to 6pm)
1hr	£2.50	£3.10	£2.70	£3.30
2hrs	£4.10	£5.20	£5.00	£6.10
3hrs	£6.40	£8.10	£7.10	£8.70
4hrs	£10.60	£12.80	£12.00	£14.20
5hrs	£19.50	£22.20	£20.70	£23.40
over 5 hrs	£27.60	£30.80	£27.60	£30.80
evenings & overnight	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00

Grafton West	Mon-Fri 10am to 6pm	If a vehicle parks between Mon to Fri 8am to 10am the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (8am- 6pm)	Sat 8am to 6 <u>pm</u> Sun 10am to 6 <u>pm</u>	If a vehicle parks between 11am to 1pm the following rates are payable for the <u>duration</u> of the stay (Sat 11am-6pm and Sun 11am to 6pm)
1hr	£2.50	£3.10	£2.70	£3.30
2hrs	£4.10	£5.20	£5.00	£6.10
3hrs	£6.40	£8.10	£7.10	£8.70
4hrs	£10.60	£12.80	£12.00	£14.20
5hrs	£19.50	£22.20	£20.70	£23.40
over 5 hrs	£27.60	£30.80	£27.60	£30.80
evenings & overnight	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00

For entries between 8am to 10am Mon - Fri 11am to 1pm Sat & Sun	Entries at all other times
£2.60	£3.20
£5.00	£6.20
£7.40	£9.20
£12.00	£14.20
£20.70	£23.40
£27.60	£30.80
£0.00	£0.00

0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mon-Fri NON PEAK	Mon-Fri PEAK	Sat-Sun NON PEAK	Sat-Sun PEAK
4.0%	3.2%	-3.7%	-3.0%
22.0%	19.2%	0.0%	1.6%
15.6%	13.6%	4.2%	5.7%
13.2%	10.9%	0.0%	0.0%
6.2%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

0.0%

0.0%

0.0%

0.0%

Mon-Fri NON PEAK	Mon-Fri PEAK	Sat-Sun NON PEAK	Sat-Sun PEAK	
4.0%	3.2%	-3.7%	-3.0%	
22.0%	19.2%	0.0%	1.6%	
15.6%	13.6%	4.2%	5.7%	
13.2%	10.9%	0.0%	0.0%	
6.2%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	

SURFACE	SURFACE CAR PARKS							
STREET to Friday 7pm 9am to 7pm	ro Friday 8am to Pay and display 7pm Saturday							
Maximum st	ay 2 hours	2023/24	2024/25	% change	Evenings and overnight			
Charges		80p for 20 mins (£2.40/hr)	80p for 20 mins (£2.40/hr)	0.0%	Free			

CASTLE HILL CAR PARK Monday to Friday 8am to 7pm Saturday 9am to 7pm Sunday 10am to 5pm	Pay and display					
Charges	2023/24	2024/25	% change	Evenings and overnight		
Up to 2 hours	£2.80	£2.80	0.0%			
2-4 hours	£5.30	£5.30	0.0%			
over 4 hours	£8.90	£8.90	0.0%	Free		
Sunday - all day charge	£4.50	£4.50	0.0%			
Weekly ticket (7 days)	£39.00	£42.00	7.7%			

GWYDIR STREET CAR PARK Monday to Friday 8am to 7pm Saturday 9am to 7pm	Pay and display						
Maximum stay 2 hours	2023/24 2024/25 % change Evenings and overnight						
Charges RIVERSIDE CAR PARK Monday to Friday	90p for 30 90p for 30 mins mins 0.0% Free (£1.80/hr) (£1.80/hr) Pay and display						
8am to 7pm Saturday 9am to 7pm							
Maximum stay 8 hours	2023/24	2024/25	% change	Evenings and overnight			
Charges	70p for 30 mins (£1.40/hr)	80p for 30 mins (£1.40/hr)	14.3%	Free			

SEASON TICKET CHARGES -	Business I	Permits				
Park Street, Queen Anne and Grafton Centre car parks	Quarterly fee inclusive of VAT (23/24)	Quarterly fee inclusive of VAT (24/25)	% change		20% Discount for low emission [Group A] vehicles 22/23	Discounted fee (22/23)
24/7 Premium (Grafton car park & Queen Anne)	£970.00	£1,030.00		6.2%		£824.00
Monday-Friday 24 hour access (one car park*)	£740.00	No longer offered		N/A	N/A	N/A
Monday-Friday 8am -6pm (one car park*)	£590.00	£625.00		5.9%	£125.00	£500.00

Note * excluding Grand Arcade car park

DISABLED BADGE HOLDERS

First three hours parking free, on production of a valid Blue Badge to the City Council at the Grand Arcade, Grafton East, Grafton West and Queen Anne Terrace car parks.

At multi storey car parks durations of stay in excess of three hours the normal car park charges will apply as if from the first hour, i.e. the fourth will be charged as if it were the first hour, the fifth as if it were the second hour, etc.

Three hours free parking when a valid Blue Badge and time clock is displayed at Adam and Eve, Castle Hill, Gwydir Street and Riverside car parks.

Finance and Resources

Mooring Fees

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Mooring Fees*				
Tariff Class 30 - vessel up to 5 metres	Discretionary	981.00	1,057.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 32 - vessel under 3 metres	Discretionary	981.00	1,057.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 33 - Vessel 3 to 5 metres	Discretionary	981.00	1,057.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 34 - Vessel 5 to 7.5 metres	Discretionary	1,047.00	1,128.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 35 - Vessel 7.5 to 10 metres	Discretionary	1,112.00	1,198.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 36 - Vessel 10 to 12.5 metres	Discretionary	1,178.00	1,269.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 37 - Vessel 12.5 to 15 metres	Discretionary	1,243.00	1,339.00	7.7%
Tariff Class 38 - Vessel 15 to 20 metres	Discretionary	1,308.00	1,410.00	7.8%
Tariff Class 39 - Vessel over 20 metres	Discretionary	1,440.00	1,552.00	7.8%
Tariff Class 51 - Any other vessel	Discretionary	1,440.00	1,552.00	7.8%
* All charges are subject to VAT.				
** The agreed fee increase for the 2022/23 financial year is as per the				
Review of Moorings Policy (March 2017) - RPIX for September 2021 - 5%				

Guildhall Lettings

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Guildhall Meeting Rooms, Committee Rooms Council Chamber and Members Lounge				
Guildhall Meeting Rooms (per hour)	Discretionary	16.00	16.48	3.0%
Committee Room (s)	Discretionary	33.00	33.99	3.0%
Council Chamber	Discretionary	109.00	112.27	3.0%
Members Lounge	Discretionary	16.00	16.48	3.0%
Exhibition area	Discretionary	11.00	11.33	3.0%
Internal City Council Hirer - Office hours	Discretionary	No charge	No charge	0.0%
Internal City Council Hirer - Out of office Hours, bank holiday and weekends	Discretionary	Actual Cost of staffing	Actual Cost of staffing	0.0%
Shared Services/Greater Cambridge Partnership - Office hours up to half a day	Discretionary	No charge	No charge	0.0%
Shared Services/Greater Cambridge Partnership - Other times - per hour*	Discretionary	Hourly Rate as above	Hourly Rate as above	0.0%
Public Sector Partner - Office hours up to half a day **	Discretionary	No charge	No charge	0.0%
Public Sector Partner - Other times - per hour **	Discretionary	Hourly Rate as above	Hourly Rate as above	0.0%
Community & Voluntary Sector - Office hours up to half a day **	Discretionary	No charge	No charge	0.0%
Community & Voluntary Sector - Other times - per hour **	Discretionary	Hourly Rate as above	Hourly Rate as above	0.0%

Commercial Hires - per hour **	Discretionary	Hourly Rate as above	Hourly Rate as above	0.0%
**Includes Staffing charge				
All customers will pay for additional costs of refreshments plus the cost of external Audio Visual				
use support				

Finance and Resources

Land Charges

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
and Charges				
LC1 Official Search in respect of one parcel of land	Discretionary	39.00	45.00	15.4%
Let Official Search in respect of one parcel of land	Discretionary	39.00	43.00	13.478
Residential Search *				
CON29R **	Discretionary	137.00	151.00	10.2%
LC1 and CON29R (Full Residential Search)**	Discretionary	176.00	196.00	11.4%
Additional Parcels of Land	Discretionary	17.00	18.00	5.9%
Additional Parcels of Land LLC1	Discretionary	0.77	1.00	29.9%
Commercial Search				
	Discretionary	241.00	273.00	13.3%
LC1 and CON29R (Full Commercial Search)**	Discretionary	280.00	318.00	13.6%
Additional Parcels of Land Additional Parcels of Land LLC1	Discretionary	28.00	30.00	7.1%
	Discretionary	0.77	1.00	29.9%
Additions				
Additional Enquiries *	Discretionary	23.15	28.00	21.0%
Historic File Request (per address)	Discretionary	45.00	50.00	11.1%
		10% of application	10% of application	
nvalid planning applications	Discretionary	fee for closed or withdrawn	fee for closed or	0.0%
		withdrawn	withdrawn	
		applications	applications	
Hard copy planning applications handling fee - Major applications (per application)	Discretionary	100.00	103.00	3.0%
				,
Hard copy planning applications handling fee - General & Other applications (per application)	Discretionary	50.00	51.50	3.0%
pplication)				
CON29O (Optional Enquiries) *				
Q4 - Road Proposals	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q5 - Advertisements	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q6 - Completion Notices	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q7- Parks & Countryside	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q8 - Pipelines	Discretionary	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Q9 - House in Multiple Occupation	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q10- Noise Abatement and other Nuisances	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q11 - Urban Development Areas	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q12 - Enterprise Zones	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q13 - Inner Urban Development Areas	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q14 - Simplified Planning Zones	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q15 - Land Maintenance Notices	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
	Discretionary but			
Q16 - Mineral Consultation Areas	set by County	10.38	15.30	47.4%
	Council			
Q17 - Hazardous Substance Consents	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q18 - Environmental & Pollution Notices	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
219 - Food Safety Notices	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
Q20 - Hedgerow Notices	Discretionary	15.00	18.00	20.0%
	Discretionary but	10.00	45.00	1- 101
Q21 - Flood Defence and Land Drainage Consents	set by County	10.38	15.30	47.4%
	Council Discretionary but			
222 - Common Land, Town and Village Greens	set by County	19.98	30.60	53.2%
22 - Common Land, Town and Village Creens	Council	19.90	50.00	55.270
	Countin			
Discretionary services (including Pre-application work and Planning and Performance Agreements (PPAs)) will be charged for on a case by case basis. This charge will be based on full recovery of the cost of delivering the agreed work. Officer time will be charged at the following rate according to the officer band:	Discretioner	275.00	240.00	22.6%
Executive Director	Discretionary	275.00	340.00	23.6%
Grade 10 Assistant Director	Discretionary	204.00	217.00	6.4%
Grade 9	Discretionary	159.00	192.00	20.8%
Grade 8	Discretionary	135.00	181.00	34.1%
Grade 7	Discretionary	119.00	170.00	42.9%
Grade 6	Discretionary	90.00	142.00	57.8%
Grade 5	Discretionary	81.00	131.00	61.7%
Grade 4	Discretionary	75.00	118.00	57.3%
Grade 3	Discretionary	68.00	98.00	44.1%
Grade 2	Discretionary	63.00	90.00	42.9%
The full direct cost of any external consultants, contractors or agency staff incurred by the		1		
		_		
Planning Service in the delivery of the discretionary service will also be included in any				
Planning Service in the delivery of the discretionary service will also be included in any ees charged for the work done. Agency hourly rates charged at agency rates plus				

Notes

* Includes VAT

** The table includes updates on the 23-24 charges that were received following the publication of the 2024 BSR

Charge Type and description	E 29/1/24 Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Skin Piercing				
Skin Piercing – Premises Skin Piercing - Practitioners	Discretionary Discretionary	166.00 60.00	171.00 62.00	3.0% 3.3%
Sex Establishments				
Sexual Entertainment Venues (new & variation)	Discretionary	3,425.00	3,528.00	3.0%
Sexual Entertainment Venues (renewal)	Discretionary	1,014.00	1,044.00	3.0%
Sexual Entertainment Venues (transfer)	Discretionary	1,014.00	1,044.00	3.0%
Sex Shop / Sex Cinema (new & variation)	Discretionary	3,173.00	3,268.00	3.0%
Sex Shop / Sex Cinema (renewal) Sex Shop / Sex Cinema (transfer)	Discretionary Discretionary	1,014.00 1,014.00	1,044.00 1,044.00	3.0% 3.0%
Drivers				
Disclosure & Barring Service Check (DBS) *	Discretionary	38.00	38.00	0.0%
Knowledge Test New Licence Fee	Discretionary Discretionary	120.00 270.00	120.00 300.00	0.0%
Annual Renewal Fee	Discretionary	235.00	150.00	(36.2%)
3 Yearly Renewal Fee	Discretionary	280.00	290.00	3.6%
Replacement Badges	Discretionary	25.00	26.00	4.0%
DVLA Data Check * (New service provider)	Discretionary	5.52	5.52	0.0%
DVLA Data Check * (New service provider) 3 year licence	Discretionary	16.52	16.52	0.0%
Change of Details	Discretionary	25.00	25.00	0.0%
Replacement Licence	Discretionary	25.00	25.00	0.0%
/ehicles Hackney Carriage Licence (new)	Discretionary	315.00	340.00	7.9%
Private Hire Licence (new)	Discretionary	295.00	300.00	1.7%
lackney Carriage Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (new)	Discretionary	157.50	170.00	7.9%
Private Hire Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (new)	Discretionary	147.50	150.00	1.7%
lackney Carriage Zero Emission Vehicle (new)	Discretionary	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Private Hire Zero Emission Vehicle (new)	Discretionary	0.00	0.00	0.0%
lackney Carriage Licence Renewal	Discretionary	220.00	225.00	2.3%
Private Hire Licence Renewal	Discretionary	205.00	210.00	2.4%
lackney Carriage Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (renewal) Private Hire Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (renewal)	Discretionary Discretionary	110.00 102.50	112.50 105.00	2.3%
lackney Carriage Zero Emission Vehicle (renewal)	Discretionary	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Private Hire Zero Emission Vehicle (renewal)	Discretionary	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Plate Deposit	Discretionary	50.00	50.00	0.0%
Replacement Plate	Discretionary	40.00	45.00	12.5%
Change of Ownership	Discretionary	100.00	100.00	0.0%
Crest - self adhesive	Discretionary	13.00	15.00	15.4%
Crest - magnetic	Discretionary	15.00	20.00	33.3%
Replacement Licence Change of Details	Discretionary Discretionary	25.00 25.00	25.00 25.00	0.0%
Operators Licence				
Private Hire Operators Licence (New)	Discretionary	320.00	360.00	12.5%
Private Hire Operators Licence (Renewal - 1 Year)	Discretionary	285.00	290.00	1.8%
Private Hire Operators Licence (renewal - 5 Year)	Discretionary	1,060.00	1,095.00	3.3%
Replacement Licence Change of Details	Discretionary Discretionary	25.00 25.00	25.00 25.00	0.0%
Training Fee for Customer Awareness: Safeguarding, Equality & Protection Training	Discretionary	53.00	55.00	3.8%
BIIAB Level 1 Award in Responsible Alcohol Retailing BIIAB Level 2 Award for Personal Licence Holders	Discretionary Discretionary	75.00 123.00	103.00 127.00	37.3% 3.3%
	Discretionary	123.00	127.00	5.570
icensing Act 2003 (**Statutory Set) Personal Licence	Statutory	37.00	37.00	0.0%
New Premises Licence (or full variation)	Statutory	Various	Various	0.0%
Annual Fee	Statutory	Various	Various	0.0%
Ainor Variation	Statutory	89.00	89.00	0.0%
Emporary Event Notice Change of Designated Premises Supervisor	Statutory	21.00 23.00	21.00	0.0%
	Statutory	23.00	23.00	0.0%
avement Licensing Pavement Licence	Statutory	100.00	100.00	0.0%
Sambling Act 2005 (**Statutory Set)				
Bingo Club (New)	Statutory	2,625.00	2,625.00	0.0%
Bingo Club (Annual Fee)	Statutory	900.00	900.00	0.0%
Small Society Lottery (New) Small Society Lottery (Annual)	Statutory Statutory	40.00 20.00	40.00 20.00	0.0%
Betting Premises (New)	Statutory	2,250.00	2,250.00	0.0%
Betting Premises (Annual Fee)	Statutory	540.00	540.00	0.0%
amily Entertainment Centre (Annual Fee)	Statutory	500.00	500.00	0.0%
Adult Gaming Centre (New)	Statutory	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.0%
Adult Gaming Centre (Annual Fee)	Statutory	900.00	900.00	0.0%
Animal Licensing	Discontinuo	600.00	660.00	0.00/
Zoo Dangerous Wild Animals (Plus Vet fees)	Discretionary	660.00 326.00	660.00 326.00	0.0%
Dangerous Wild Animals (Plus Vet fees) /ariation of a licence requiring a re-inspection (Plus Vet fees)	Discretionary Discretionary	326.00 58.00	326.00 58.00	0.0%
Exhibiting animals:	Districtionary	00.00	00.00	0.070
ees on application	Discretionary	86.00	86.00	0.0%
nitial rating or re-rating fee	Discretionary	148.00	148.00	0.0%
faintenance fee (3 years)	Discretionary	427.00	427.00	0.0%

Licensing - TO BE UPDATED FOLLOWING LICENSING COMMITTEE 29/1/24

Charge Type and description	Discretionary or Statutory	Charges 2023/24 £	Proposed Charges 2024/25 £	% Increase 2024/25
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary	148.00	148.00	0.0%
Copy of licence or change of details not requiring an inspection	Discretionary	12.50	12.50	0.0%
Selling animals as pets:				
Fees on application	Discretionary	86.00	86.00	0.0%
Initial rating or re-rating fee	Discretionary	244.00	244.00	0.0%
Maintenance fee: one year	Discretionary	142.00	142.00	0.0%
two years	Discretionary	284.00	284.00	0.0%
three years	Discretionary	427.00	427.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary	244.00	244.00	0.0%
Copy of licence or change of details not requiring an inspection Riding Establishment:	Discretionary	12.50	12.50	0.0%
Fees on application	Discretionary	86.00	86.00	0.0%
Initial rating or re-rating fee (plus additional vets fee not included)	Discretionary	49.00	49.00	0.0%
Maintenance fee: one year	Discretionary	142.00	142.00	0.0%
two years	Discretionary	284.00	284.00	0.0%
three years	Discretionary	427.00	427.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection (plus vets fee not included)	Discretionary	49.00 12.50	49.00 12.50	0.0%
Copy of licence or change of details not requiring an inspection Dog Breeding:	Discretionary			
Fees on application	Discretionary	86.00	86.00	0.0%
Initial rating or re-rating fee (plus additional vets fee not included)	Discretionary	49.00	49.00	0.0%
Maintenance fee: one year	Discretionary	142.00	142.00	0.0%
two years	Discretionary	284.00	284.00	0.0%
three years	Discretionary	427.00	427.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection (plus vets fee not included)	Discretionary	49.00 12.50	49.00 12.50	0.0%
Copy of licence or change of details not requiring an inspection Animal Boarding:	Discretionary			
Fees on application: up to 10 animals	Discretionary	86.00	86.00	0.0%
Initial rating or re-rating fee	Discretionary	148.00	148.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary	148.00	148.00	0.0%
Fees on application: 11- 30 animals	Discretionary	196.00	196.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection Fees on application: 31-60 animals	Discretionary	196.00	196.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary Discretionary	244.00 244.00	244.00 244.00	0.0%
Fees on application: 61-99 animals	Discretionary	293.00	293.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary	293.00	293.00	0.0%
Fees on application: 100 or more animals	Discretionary	342.00	342.00	0.0%
Variation of a licence requiring a re-inspection	Discretionary	342.00	342.00	0.0%
Maintenance fee: one year	Discretionary	142.00	142.00	0.0%
two years	Discretionary	284.00	284.00	0.0%
three years	Discretionary	427.00	427.00	0.0%
Copy of licence or change of details not requiring an inspection	Discretionary	12.50	12.50	0.0%
Street Trading				
12 month food licence pitch	Discretionary	2,886.00	2,886.00	0.0%
12 month retail licence pitch	Discretionary	2,727.00	2,727.00	0.0%
8 month food licence pitch 8 month retail licence pitch	Discretionary Discretionary	2,165.00	2,165.00	0.0%
4 month food licence pitch	Discretionary	2,045.00 722.00	2,045.00 722.00	0.0%
4 month retail licence pitch	Discretionary	682.00	682.00	0.0%
* These charges are shown net of VAT				
 ** Externally set fees and charges *** These 20-21 fees have been updated following consultation and differ from those included in the 2020 BSR 				
Please note that all licensing fees not set by statute will be approved at Licensing Committee on 31st January 2022				